THE COLUMBIAN.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA,

TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed if paid in advance. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance. No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the state or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1879.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIII, NO. 25
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLIV, NO. 18

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1w.	2w.	3w.	6w.	1y.
One inch	$2.00	$3.50	$5.00	$8.00	$10.00
Two inches	3.00	4.50	6.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	4.00	6.00	7.00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00	20.00
Quarter column	6.00	8.00	10.00	15.00	25.00
Half column	10.00	15.00	25.00	35.00	60.00
One column	20.00	25.00	30.00	50.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Brickbaum, F. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—William Brickbaum.
Court Stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Robert R. Little.
Sheriff—John W. Hoffman.
Surveyor—Samuel Neyhard.
Treasurer—H. A. Swoppenheiser.
Commissioners—Stephen Pohe, Charles Richart.
A. B. Herring.
Commissioners' Clerk—J. B. Casey.
Auditors—S. H. Smith, W. Manning, C. B. Seeshultz.
Jury Commissioners—Eli Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Room Poor District—Directors—H. S. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Scott.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—G. A. Herring.
Clerk—Paul E. Wirt.
Chief of Police—Jas. C. Sterner.
President of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Directors of Building Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier, John Peacock, Teller.
First National Bank—Charles H. Paxton, President J. F. Tustin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. B. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. Brower, President, P. E. Wirt, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. G. D. S. Marclay.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7¾ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. W. Evans.
Minister—Rev. M. L. Smyser.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. W. K. Krebs.
Residence—Corner 4th and Catharine streets.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion. Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the at Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser
Minister—Rev. George Hunter.
Sunday Service—2 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill."—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3 o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the correct fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL KNORR, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Hartman's Building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street. Above 5th East side.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street,

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar. 17 '74— Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
aug 24, '77-1y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. nov. 14, '79-1f

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Room No. 15, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg.
aprl9,1878.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
The assets of these old corporations are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the Board of Fire only.
Moderate rates on the best risks are alone accepted.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Penn'a.
All citizens of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are adjusted and paid by one of their own citizens. nov.16, '77-1y

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,000,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000, 00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,600,000
	$80,631,000

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg.
March 26,'77—y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of " "
Pennsylvania of "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Manufacturers of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 26, 77-1y.

AT THE
ORANGEVILLE ACADEMY
You can get a Thorough Education with the
LEAST OUTLAY OF MONEY.
For Catalogue, address the Principal,
REV. C. K. CANFIELD.
April 18, 1879-1f

LAWYERS.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions obtained, Collections made.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 11, 1878

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's BUILDING.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe

C. B & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. ROBT. R. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR.
Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in UNANGST'S BUILDING, on Main street second door above Centre.
Can be consulted in German.
Jan. 10, '79-tf

CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. ABBOTT. W. H. RHAWN.
ABBOTT & RHAWN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
Pensions obtained.
dec 21, 77-1y

CLARK F. HARDER,
BUILDER AND MANUFACTURER OF
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets,
and dealer in LUMBER and all kinds of BUILDING MATERIAL, HARDWARE, &c.,
THIRD STREET, CATAWISSA, PA.
May 16, 79-3m*

BLATCHLEY'S PUMPS!

The Old Reliable
STANDARD PUMP
For Wells 10 to 75 feet Deep
New Price List Jan. 1, 1879.
ADDRESS
C. G. BLATCHLEY,
440 MARKET ST., PHILAD'A,
April 11, 1879-6m

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.

G. A. HERRING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

SNYDER'S TANNERY,

(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Easy and Light Street roads, Where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for

GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1878.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!
GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

Is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases, such as Loss of memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over Indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.

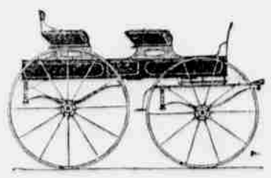
Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per pack age, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10, Mechanic's Block, Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Bloomsburg by C. A. Klein, and by all Druggists everywhere.
Harris & Ewing, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburg.
sept. 6, 78-1f

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.



BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Manufacturers of

Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,

PLATFORM WAGONS, &c.

First-class work always on hand.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

☞ Prices reduced to suit the times.
Jan. 3, 1877-tf.

EVERY DIRECTOR, TEACHER AND STUDENT
Should subscribe for
THE EDUCATOR.
A Live Educational Monthly, published at
ORANGEVILLE, PA.,
for 50 cents per year. Send six cents for specimen copy.
C. K. CANFIELD, Editor.
April 18, 1879-tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg Columbia county, Pennsylvania, at two o'clock p. m., on

MONDAY, JUNE 16th, 1879.

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Roaringcreek Township, Columbia County Pa., described as follows to-wit: bounded on the north by Polley Hoagland, on the east by land of Peter Levan, on the west by land of F. Richard and on the south by land of William Swisher, containing 90 acres on which are erected a dwelling house, log barn and out buildings.

Seized taken in execution, at the suit of The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at the instance of Michael Roach, and other heirs of Thomas Roach, deceased, against William Roach, and John Klinger, and to be sold as the property of William Roach.
BUCKALEW, Attorney. Al Vend Ex

ALSO,

The following described real estate situate in Main township, Columbia county, to-wit:

1. Beginning at a stone in the public road leading from Mainville to Mifflinville, thence by said road north fifty-seven degrees east one hundred and one and 4-10 perches to a stone, thence by same north seventy-seven and one-half degrees east thirty-one and eight-tenths perches to a post in said road, thence by land of Stacy John south twenty-seven degrees east 197.2 perches to a stone, thence by land of J. B. Yetter and heirs of Henry Bauman, deceased, south eighty-six degrees west one hundred and thirty-four perches to a stone heap, thence by purpart No. 3 of Daniel Yetter, deceased, north thirty and one-half degrees west one hundred and forty-four perches to a stone in the middle of the aforesaid public road, the place of beginning, containing one hundred and forty acres and one hundred and thirty-four perches neat measure more or less, whereon are erected a stone dwelling house, barn and out-buildings.

2. Beginning at a stone in the public road leading from Mainville to Mifflinville, thence by said road north thirty-four and one-half degrees, east seventy-three perches to a stone in said road, thence by said road north fifty-seven degrees east twenty-six and six-tenths perches to a stone in said road, thence by other lands of Joseph Geiger south thirty and one-half degrees east one hundred and forty-four perches to a stone heap, thence by lands of C. B. Gearhart and J. B. Yetter south eighty-six degrees, west one hundred and four and one-half perches to a post, thence by land of J. B. Yetter north thirty-one and one-fourth degrees west sixty-four and three-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing fifty-six acres and four perches neat measure more or less, whereon are erected a dwelling house, barn and out-buildings.

3. Tract of land on the right of the public road from Mifflinville to Mainville and adjoining lands of C. B. Gearhart on the east, J. J. Gearhart on the north and others containing about seventy acres more or less.

4. Tract adjoining lands of Peter Miller on the north, J. J. Gearhart on the east, U. J. Campbell on the south and J. C. Shuman on the west, containing about forty acres.

5. Lot in the village of Mainville fronting on Main road and adjoining on the south another lot of Joseph Geiger, on the west by lands of J. W. Shuman, and on the north by school house lot, containing three acres whereon are erected a dwelling house, large barn, blacksmith shop and out-build ngs.

6. Lot in village of Mainville adjoining last above described lot on the north, on the main road east, south by William T. Shuman, and west by W. J. Shuman, whereon are erected a dwelling house and out-buildings

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Stacy John against Joseph Geiger and to be sold as the property of Joseph Geiger,
KNORR, Attorney. Al. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain house and lot of ground situate in Main township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the east by public road leading through the town of Mainville, on the south by lot of Samuel Shuman, on the west by land of Jacob B. Yetter and on the north by lot of J. E. Longenberger, on which are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, frame stable and out-buildings.

ALSO,

Another house and lot of ground situate in said Main township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the east by public road leading through the town of Mainville, on the south by lot of the Public School District, on the west and north by lot or land of John W. Shuman, on which are erected a large two story frame dwelling house, barn and out buildings.

ALSO,

Also a certain tract of cleared land situate in said Main township Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the east by land of Joseph Geiger and others, on the south by land of John W. Shuman, on the west by public road leading from Espytown to Mainville and on the north by lot of M. V. B. Kostenbauder, containing twenty-two acres more or less.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of U. J. Campbell.
ZARR, Attorney.

ALSO,

Also all that certain lot of ground situate in Zerr's addition to the town of Catawissa in the township of Catawissa, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the west by Fourth street, on the north by lot No. 12, on the east by an alley twenty feet wide, and on the south by lot No 14, being lot marked and numbered on the plan of Zerr's Addition to the town of Catawissa No. 13 containing in front on said Fourth street fifty feet (50 feet) and extending in depth southeastwardly of the same breadth by lines parallel to the streets of the town of Catawissa aforesaid to the aforesaid alley twenty feet wide.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of George Zarr against W. E. John with notice to J. M. Smith, Assignee and William Rhawn, terre tenant and to be sold as the property of W. E. John with notice to J. M. Smith, Assignee, and William Rhawn, terre tenant.
ZARR, Attorney. Levari Facias.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Roaringcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by land of William Yeager, on the east by land of William Dreibach and others, on the south by land of William Belig, and on the west by land of Conrad Haussman, containing one hundred and thirty acres more or less, on which are erected a house, bank barn and out-buildings.

ALSO,

A tract of woodland containing about forty-five acres situate in said township adjoining lands of Ezekiel Delephain, William Z. Soult, L. Duty and others.

ALSO,

A tract of woodland containing about thirty acres situate in said township, adjoining lands of M. Manhart, F. Yocum, Will Lanan and others.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Stacy John against Samuel Houck and to be sold as the property of Samuel Houck.
KNORR, Attorney. Al. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that tract of land situate in Main township, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows to-wit: Bounded on the north by land of William Mensinger, on the east by land of David Brown, on the south by land of H. W. Brown and on the west by land of Nathan Miller and others, containing one hundred and fourteen acres more or less, on which are erected a brick house, bank barn, two wagon sheds, and other out-buildings also good fruit orchards and a fine spring of water at house.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of John Waitz, Guardian of Benj. J. Nuss, Aaron Nuss and Amanda Nuss against William Mensinger and to be sold as the the property of William Mensinger.
ABBOTT & RHAWN, Attorneys. Vend. Ex.

Terms cash.
JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.
May 16, 79-ts

Private Sale!

The following valuable property, the Estate of the late John Swisher, deceased, will be offered at private sale up to

SEPTEMBER 1st 1879.

The property is situate in the village of Jerseytown, Columbia county Pa., and contains about

FIFTY ACRES

of excellent farming land upon which are TWO HOUSES, BARN, and other out buildings, and is one of the finest localities in the county. There are

TWO GOOD ORCHARDS

on the premises.

☞ For information concerning the property apply to C. B. Brockway, of Bloomsburg, or T. J. Swisher, of Jerseytown.
May 23,-ts

Poetical.

THE BLUE AND THE GRAY.

By the flow of the inland river,
Where the fleets of iron have fled,
Where the blades of the new grass quiver,
Asleep are the ranks of the dead,
Under the sod and the dew,
Waiting the Judgment Day,
Under the one the Blue,
Under the other the Gray.

Those in the robing of glory,
Those in the gloom of defeat,
All with the battle-blood gory,
In the dusk of eternity meet,
Under the sod and the dew,
Waiting the Judgment Day,
Render the the laurel the Blue,
Under the willow the Gray.

From the silence of sorrowful hours,
The desolate mourners go,
Lovingly laden with flowers,
Alike with the friend and the foe,
Under the sod and the dew,
Waiting the Judgment Day,
Under the roses the Blue,
Under the lilies the Gray.

So with an equal splendor,
The morning sun-rays fall,
With a touch impartially tender,
On the blossoms blooming for all,
Under the sod and the dew,
Waiting the Judgment Day,
Broidered with gold the Blue,
Mellowed with gold the Gray.

So when the summer calleth,
On forest and field of grain,
With an equal murmur falleth,
Under the sod and the dew,
Waiting the Judgment Day,
Wet with the rain the Blue,
Wet with the rain the Gray.

Sadly, but not with upbraiding,
The generous deed was done;
In the storm of the years that are fading,
No braver battle was won.
Under the sod and the dew,
Waiting the Judgment Day,
Under the blossoms the Blue,
Under the garlands the Gray.

No more shall the war cry sever,
Or the winding river be red;
They banish our anger forever,
When they laurel the graves of our dead.
Under the sod and the dew,
Waiting the Judgment Day,
Love and tears for the Blue,
Tears and love for the Gray.

Select Story.

AT SIMPSON'S.

'Any letters for F. P. Van Cleef?' in a nervous, anxious voice, was asked by a well fed, well clothed, close-cropped young fellow of the hotel clerk.

'Ah? what name?' demanded that elegant functionary, not because he had not heard perfectly well, but to find time to lounge over the ten feet intervening between himself and the letter boxes.

The name was repeated in a sharp, quick tone.

'No, nothing.'

'Please look in 'C.''

The clerk started; wondered what was up; reflected that the new comer had brought but little baggage; mentally resolved to keep an eye on him; shuffled over the letters in the 'C' box; shook his head, and then relapsed into an arm chair overcome by the exertion.

Frank took the elevator, let himself into his room, lit a cigar, reflected, and then swore.

Eight years in Europe, home at last, summer well under the way, a fair inheritance, principally in Chicago property and a fair prospect of being independent of his brush the rest of his life—such were the time and circumstances under which he found himself. Nothing to swear at in that.

But a moderate wine bill, the tips to the waiters and a bad run of luck at the pools, made upon the miles run in each twenty-four hours on the voyage over, had exhausted the gold remaining in his pocket after he had paid his passage money. His lawyers and the executors of his late aunt Miranda's estate, had been instructed, however, by the previous mail to remit money to him at the Brunswick, so that was a matter of no moment. But the remittance had not arrived. Most of his baggage had been expressed to Chicago from the hold of the big Cunarder, and in it the address of his new lawyers.

'My lawyers, sound well,' he reflected, 'but I wish to the deuce they would send me some money.'

Tuesday came but with it no letters. It became annoying, but still he could wait Presently he went out for a stroll, found it warm, and cursed the luck that kept him from getting away from the heat and dust to Newport, where he was to join some friends with whom he had spent the winter in Rome.

Entering the hotel the clerk handed him a letter. Ah! money at last. No; it was a note addressed in an Anglo Boston hand, 'Dear Mr. Van Cleef:

'Come and dine with us to night. We saw your arrival in the Partha's passenger list in the morning paper, and are anxious to know how you are going to spend the summer. Come at 7. Dining by sunlight is like 'playing tea,' so we eat late. Yours, sincerely, MARIE.

'No. 21 West 44th street.'

Now, who the ——; Marie, Marie—I don't know any Marie, especially any Marie who is particularly interested in me, and who writes a charming note, saying things which with woman pass for wit, and, smelling the paper, 'who uses extract of violet liberally. Well, I'll be sure to go; it may divert my mind from my pecuniary embarrassment. I'll have to make a clean breast of it to the clerk soon, and probably be arrested for a swindler. A man who expects remittances and don't know his lawyer's address, who has no baggage and wants money to get to Chicago with, looks like a sublimely cheeky confidence man.'

'Evening dress: claw hammer coat, etc., but no gloves, no ties; why money is a momentary necessity, by Jove?' said Frank as he took these articles from his trunk.

I can't go to dinner and find out my unknown friends if I don't have gloves. Oh, it there was only a Mont de Piete in New York—by Jove, Simpson's! I will rise and go unto my uncle and say unto, 'Uncle, lend me $10.'

Frank laughed and then grew sober again. There was a sense of degradation in the mere idea. Then, with a shrug, and taking out a box of jewelry, none of it expensive, he turned it over.

'Hello, here's just the thing,' he thought, as he took out a locket. It was an old affair, a cameo, with the head of the Savior on it. Around it curled a golden serpent, with brilliantly enameled scales and a pair of 'pigeon's blood' ruby eyes. Frank had picked it up in a little shop in London just before he sailed for home. It was one of the fancies in which he had begun to indulge himself when he received the first remittance from his new lawyer and new property.

'This bauble is principally accountable for my being short of money,' he thought. 'I will make it remember me.' On the back of the quaint old locket were the initials V. D. V. and below them 'M. E.' There had been a picture on it once, but there was left only the marks of the knife with which it had been pried out. It was growing late, and calling a hack Frank jumped in and told the driver to take him to the New Court House. Arrived there he told the driver to wait, passed through the building and out the other door, walked briskly to Simpson's, hesitated a moment, bolted in the door and in a moment stood in a box at the counter, where a poor woman was pawning some clothing for food. Frank shuddered, drew out the locket and laid it down.

A dark man took it up, looked at it, turned it over, scrutinized the initials, tested the gold on a corner, and said laconically:

'How much?'

'Ten dollars.'

The man turned away, made out the ticket, handed Frank the money and his duplicate ticket, and turned to the next comer.

With a sigh at the atmosphere of misery hanging around the place, from the dark corners of which the hollow faces of the specters of want and starvation seemed leering at him, Frank passed quickly out of the door, regained his cab, said to the driver:

'Brunswick—quick!' and rolled away.

II.

Two little red lips quivered perceptibly, and two big black eyes with tears. To be hungry—absolutely, unpoetically and practically hungry—was a novel experience to Bessie Prang. To be hungry in a fashionable lodging house with plenty down stairs in a well filled larder and cool and pleasant dining room, was absolutely absurd. Sitting in a pretty room, amid a mass of pretty feminine knick-knacks and bric-a-brac, hearing the rattle of knives and forks come up on the air from the lunch tables below, and yet be hungry was positively maddeningly incongruous,' she thought. To be sure there was no reasons why she should not have gone to the land-lady and explained her situation and been sure of proper treatment, but they had been in the house but a few days, and had been taking their meals out at neighboring restaurant. Bessie's mother had been called away to visit a sick sister who was ill, and she had left her little girl alone, not without misgivings, and the night before Bessie had lost her purse or had her pocket picked coming from dinner; at any rate it was gone, and with it the money which was to have bought her food for the next two days. A practical woman would have done the obvious thing and interviewed her land-lady. But Bessie was even more than most women sensitive about going to strangers when in trouble, especially about money matters, and feared to encounter suspicion, and at lunch time was ravenously hungry. What a curse a good appetite is at times! Then it occurred to her that she had heard her cousin Tom joke about his 'Uncle,' and that he was alluding to a pawn-broker. What a horried thing a pawn-broker must be? A kind of cross between a Shylock and a Fagin, she thought, and they would egie her perhaps. Oh, no! she would starve before she would go there. But as the afternoon wore on and hunger increased, and with it her perplexity, she began to cry. But crying don't help matters any; on the contrary the pangs of hunger increased, and with them her determination to find her cousin Tom's Uncle. She resolved that no one should know of her perplexity but herself, 'not even mamma, nor of her visit to the pawnbroker's never that.'

From under a mass of ribbons and laces, artificial flowers and dainty lace handkerchiefs, tumbled in a bureau-drawer, she fished out a small box, and took from it a queer old locket. It was a carved head of Christ, surrounded by a brilliantly enameled snake with ruby eyes, and on the back the initials M. E., and underneath, V. D. V.

'Poor old grandma; how horrified you would be if you only knew, and hadn't been dead these ten years!' she said to herself softly, as she put the locket back into its place, and ran down stairs in the late summer afternoon.

It was along walk down Broadway, the pavements were hot and scorched her feet, her face grew flushed with exertion, her black hair clung damply to her white forehead Besides, she was weak from long fasting. She thought at last that she did not know where she was going, but she mustered up courage to ask a policemen. He eyed her curiously, and told her civilly enough where to go. Hot waves of crimson dyed her face and neck as she passed in at the door way under the trio of golden balls and stood at the counter. She heard a poor woman next her refused the amount she begged for on an old shawl. It was moth-eaten, and they did not want it at any price.

'Then a voice said:

'Well, Miss?'

She produced the locket.

'How much?' after a hurried examination she was relieved to see that the man took her novel situation cooly enough, and she spoke for the first time.

'Ten dollars, please.'

The money was counted out, she bestowed $1 of it on the poor woman whose shawl had been rejected and who stood in a dazed way on the sidewalk, escaped from her thanks into a Fourth avenue car, and was soon bathing in her cool room, and forgetful, now that she had money, of her hunger.

Just then a note reached her.

'DEAREST BESSIE: Do come over and dine. Fred and I are in town a day or two. In haste, thine.

MARIE.

'No. 28 West Forty-fourth street.'

'Put money in thy purse' and thou shalt be invited to dinner,' thought Bessie, as she mentally resolved to go at once to her old school fellow and her husband.

III.

'Mr. Van Cleef.' said the same servant opening the door of the drawing-room of No. 28 West Forth-fourth street and Frank was ushered into the cool rooms and the presence of a tall, fine-looking man, whom he had never seen before in his life, a blonde matronly little woman—, that's Marie,' he thought—and a charming girl in white, with great black eyes, and a mass of soft, black hair rolled upon the small, clean cut head.

For a moment the sight was embarassing. Then Mr. Francklyn stepped forward, and Frank said:

'There seems to be some mistake; I have a namesake somewhere.'

'Oh, no; we are cousins to your late Aunt Miranda, who just made you her legatee, and as you have come home at last we mean now that you are here, to make you accept a cousin's place in our house and our friendship,' said Mr. Francklyn.

It is enough to say that the dinner was perfect, the hostess charming, the host a jolly good fellow and Bessie so bewitching that Frank was in love over head and ears before the dinner was finished.

* * * * * *

The letter from 'my lawyers' was at the hotel when Frank returned, covered with the postmarks of half the 'New Brunswick' in the country, among which it had travelled while he was waiting for it at the Hotel Brunswick. The last murmur he made as he dropped off to sleep was, 'Found an 'uncle,' two cousins and—and'—' and he was dreaming of a black eyed girl in white in another minute.

IV.

The phlegmatic clerk at the pawnbroker's turned over two lockets apparently just alike and examined them curiously, then put them back in their wrappers and in the safe. The next day both lockets were redeemed. They thought it curious at the moment, but odd things are of daily occurrence in the office of a pawnbroker, the theater of the daily tragedy of woe and want, poverty, hunger and dirt.

* * * * * *

Frank looked at the locket when he reached his Hotel, it was the same. There was the little bright spot where the pawnbroker's acid had touched the corner of the case, but the rest was the same exactly. No—he rubbed his eyes—whereas when he took the locket to the pawnbroker the initials on the case had read:

V. D. V.

M. E.

Of this he was perfectly sure; yet: here now, they were plainly reversed, and read:

M. E.

V. D. V.

He puzzled over it some time. Then he went down in a car and demanded of the pawnbroker an explanation. The man told him of the two lockets, exactly alike, left within an hour of each other on the preceding day, each pledged for $10, each redeemed in the morning, and explanations how they must have been changed. The young man hoped that there was no harm done, remembered that the other locket was left by a 'young woman;' really didn't remember that she looked like, and then went back to his work. Frank returned home puzzled. It really didn't matter; it was only a chance purchase of a unique trifle in jewelry; he hadn't the remotest idea whose the initials were, but he was superstitious about it, and it troubled him. That the locket had a double in New York there could be no doubt, and so Frank resolved not to tell the story, but to wear it on his watch chain, in the hope sometime to attrack the attention of some one who could solve the mystery.

V.

'Mamma,' cried Bessie the next day, when her confession made, she had redeemed the precious locket and was examining it, 'Mamma, this is not my locket. This is the other one. This is poor grandma's gage d'amour to her faithless lover come back to her grandchild; see, see,' she rattled on in wild excitement. Mrs. Prayne looked sharply, saw the reversed initials, and was as excited in a moment as Besse. Cousin Tom was dispatched to the pawnbroker's for information. He learned but little more than Frank, and so the mystery was talked of and speculated upon for the next week.—Grandma's love story was told over and over. Briefly it was this: Mary Emerson and Van Dyke Vedder were lovers years before. They exchanged lockets made for them. Vedder went sailing away out into the West and married, leaving grandma, then young, pretty, to soon console herself with another lover and husband. She always kept the locket and a warm spot in her heart, as every woman does for the man whom she once loved. But she never saw or heard of him again in life. Bessie received her blessing, her little fortune, and the precious locket from grandma on her death-bed. And now, after fifty years and without a clew, the lockets were changed by some mysterious agency.

VI.

Two months later Bessie and Frank met again at the Francklyns' pretty house at Newport. They had both forgotten the lockets, and soon forgot the world in each other.

One summer evening Bessie promised to be his wife, and, as soon as two little white arms went up around his neck, Frank was guilty of most unconventional proceeding. He actually was surprised out of taking immediate advantage of his newly acquired privileges. Among the lace about Bessie's neck rested the other locket. The love tokens still.

Bessie told her grandmother's little romance, and the initials were explained to Frank, who exclaimed, almost with awe: 'Van Dyke Vedder, the faithless lover of your grandmother, Mary Emerson, was my grandfather.'

* * * * * *

In a handsome house on Fifth avenue there hangs upon the parlor wall a velvet case. In it are two lockets, each as like the other as can well be imagined, a cameo head of Christ surrounded by an enameled snake with ruby eyes. Over them hangs three golden balls.

Nervousness and Indigestion. These are sad afflictions so destructive both to business and pleasure, arise from a morbid condition of the body, which is relieved by an occasional dose of Dr. Ball's Baltimore Pills. Try them, they will do you good.

Physician (who has just examined an Irishman's lungs). 'There seems to be some trouble here—pneumonia, or something of that sort. Have you ever expectorated blood? Irishman.' Och, yes sir!' Physician. 'How long ago?' Irishman. 'About eight years.' Physician. 'Did you feel sick?' Irishman. 'Och, I did that!' Physician. 'What was the matter?' Irishman. 'I had a tooth pulled.'—*Harvard Lampoon.*

WIVES WHO DO ALL THE GOOD THEY CAN OUTSIDE OF THEIR OWN FAMILIES.

When the peddler rang Mr. Bird's doorbell the other day, Mr. Bird opened the door. Mr. Bird had the lady on his arm and had four other children at his heels.

'Is the lady of the house in?' asked the peddler.

'Certainly she isn't' replied the bird. 'She is out. She is perennially and eternally out?'

'Where can I see her?'

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, June 13, 1879.

STATE TREASURER.

Our Standing Committee at its last session wisely refrained from instructing our Delegates to the next State Convention, as to whom they should vote for as our candidate for State Treasurer. As they will be on the spot, and, can compare views with other delegates, they will be in better position to make a choice than a committee which was not informed as to candidates or their merits.

Our choice is Daniel O Barr of Pittsburg. In 1877 we preferred Col. Noyes for reasons that it is not necessary now to mention. Mr. Barr in the first place has business qualifications that eminently fit him for the office. His character as an honest man and as an unswerving Democrat, is beyond question. West of the Alleghenies our party strength has been steadily growing, and should be fostered by the nomination of such a popular candidate as Mr. Barr.

The insinuation that his nomination would be the success of the Randall, Wallace, Buckalew or other factions is far-fetched. In the first place we do not know that any such factions exist, and if they do it is about time to know that the party is not going to be set by the ears on account of mere personal rivalry. Our only duty this year is to nominate the best man for State Treasurer, and we believe that man is Daniel O. Barr. If nominated, it is every Democrat's duty to go to work and try to elect him.

THE VANLIEW MURDER.

On the morning of September 9th, 1877, the citizens of Lightstreet and the surrounding country were startled by the report that the body of a murdered man had been found on the Draketown road near the widow Johnson's. It was that of John Vanliew, who lay there with his head crushed, and a number of shot in his body. Circumstances show that he had been dead for some time when found, the body being cold, and the dew on his hair. It is probable that he was shot when on his way home at a little after eleven o'clock the night before. He had been at Lightstreet, and left there with Samuel Creveling between ten and eleven o'clock. Mr. Creveling testified at the inquest that after leaving Vanliew he heard two reports of a gun, which sounded about half way between Alem Vanliew's and where the body was found. He also heard dogs barking in the direction of Johnson's house. It is therefore probable that this murder was committed at that time.

A coroner's inquest was held, two arrests were made but the prisoners discharged at a *habeas corpus* hearing, there being no evidence against them. The County Commissioners offered a reward for the apprehension of the assassin, and then the matter dropped. The mystery is yet unsolved.

Whoever committed the deed had a motive. There was no quarrel or sudden heat of passion, and no one would have been out at that time of night with a gun, without the intention of making some particular use of it. The deed was deliberate and premeditated, and the person who did it, knew that the victim would be along that way soon, and lay in wait for him, shooting him down without a moment's warning. The motive was not plunder, as nothing was taken from his person.

This murder was cold blooded, and there is nothing in the dark annals of Molly Maguireism that surpasses it in atrocity. In sight of his own home, without any apparent provocation, an inoffensive citizen was struck down and left to welter in his blood until death closed his eyes forever, and yet the foul perpetrator is undiscovered.

After a few days of excitement the affair seemed to drop from the attention of the public, and to-day the body of John Vanliew is in the grave, the crime unavenged and the violated law unvindicated.

If such things are permitted to go unpunished in this county what security is there to the lives of citizens? Any man may be assassinated in his own door-yard, with impunity. We owe it to ourselves to discover this murderer, and to see that the full penalty of the law is meted out to him.

The County Commissioners with commendable spirit have offered a reward of $400 for the apprehension of the criminal. This of itself amounts to nothing. It will not alone bring the offender to justice. The people must organize themselves into a detective force, and anyone who knows the slightest fact connected with the crime should communicate with the proper authorities. The murderer may sleep without fear of detection but so sure as there is a God in Heaven, so sure will he be visited with a just retribution. It may be soon, it may be for years, but "murder will out," and John Vanliew's assassin will one day ornament a gallows, unless death shall come before the avenger overtakes him.

Parr Dead.

THE SELF-ADMINISTERED STRYCHNINE DOES ITS FATAL WORK.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—Edward Parr, the murderer of his daughter, who sank down in the prisoner's dock in the court room yesterday from the effects of poison just after he had been sentenced to death, died this morning at ten minutes before six o'clock in the ante-room of the court house. A number of eminent physicians from different colleges were with him all night, but they failed to restore him to consciousness. All of Parr's immediate relatives are now in custody, and a rigid investigation will be had with a view of discovering the manner in which and by whom poison was conveyed to the deceased.

The new State Loan of $2,000,000, was eagerly taken on bonds having fifteen years to run at four per cent. at a premium of $1.18½ on the average. This not only shows how good the credit of the Commonwealth is, but also that the exaction of more than six per cent. on good security, by Banks, Saving Funds or individuals, is extortion.

No well regulated closet, in a dwelling where frugality is esteemed, should be without an assortment of Leamon's Dyes, prepared by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. They beautifully color wood, leather, muslin, silk, kid gloves, velvets, ribbons, grasses, shawls, neck-ties and all articles of dress.

There is a general belief, not to say fear, that notwithstanding the boon of biennial Legislatures accorded under the new Constitution of the State, the existing Legislature, just adjourned (for which we are all thankful), will have to be called together again next winter by the Governor. Inquiry made of well informed members brings the welcome intelligence that there is no real necessity for extra session next year; that the Governor, if he chooses, can get along very well without the Legislature until 1881. So may it be. Meanwhile we shall have an election in 1880.—*Ledger.*

In the United States senate on Friday, Senator Wade Hampton took occasion to make a most pertinent and telling remark. He said that the south "could not be blamed for trusting her interests in peace to those who risked their lives and fortunes for her in war" and that "if the north had in like manner honored those whose who fought her battles, the legislation of the country would not be embittered by the renewal of sectional strife." At this juncture the stalwart leaders began to glance around blankly for some of their number who have a war record. It may be well to state that the eyes of all were not turned upon Zacharish, the standard bearer of the bloody shirt.—*Patriot.*

ENDORSING AND GOING BAIL.

These are two of the great evils of the day, and we cordially endorse the following sensible remarks from the *Patriot.*

"It appears that it is some times necessary to swear off other things besides whisky drinking. A man up in New York state, who had lost considerable money by endorsing the commercial paper of friends, recently went before a magistrate and took a solemn oath that he would from that time forth nevermore endorse any paper of a pecuniary value. Some man with the "gift of gab" who is casting about for an easy way to make a living might strike a bonanza here by the organization of a reform movement of this kind. The reason for signing such a pledge would be nearly if not quite as strong as those for signing the temperance pledge. The endorsement of commercial paper for friends amounts to almost as great an evil as social drinking. It is the cause of a vast amount of financial distress over the whole country and we venture to say that statistics would show that it produces nearly as many murders and suicides as the use of strong drink."

Of course there are cases in commercial transactions and in legal proceedings where the practice is proper and necessary, but we refer to the indiscriminate methods now in vogue. A man may not *intend* to "stick" his friend, but unforseen causes may lead to that result.

Exciting Court Scene.

Philadelphia, June 9.—Quite an excitement was caused this afternoon in the court of oyer and terminer, when Edward Parr, convicted of the murder of his daughter, was brought into court to receive the sentence of death. The prisoner was brought up the little stairway leading from the lower story and placed in the criminals' dock to be sentenced. While the judge was pronouncing the sentence, it was noticed that Parr placed a bottle to his lips and drank the contents, and in a moment fell over. The court room was at once cleared, and the apparently lifeless form of Parr conveyed to an adjoining room. It was stated that he took a dose of strychnine. Restoratives were at once applied and medical aid summoned.

Dr. Chapman and several other physicians who have been in attendance upon Parr ever since he was carried out of court, have made every exertion to restore him to consciousness, but at half past 2 o'clock this afternoon Dr. Chapman stated that he thought it was all up with the prisoner, and that he did not think he could recover. It is thought Parr had the poison down in the lining of his coat, as he had made a threat, it is stated at the prison, this morning, that he had something which would prevent him from being taken to the gallows. The judge who sentenced him said that he noticed that, as soon as the sentence was finished and when he had spoke about his soul, the prisoner seemed to fall back upon himself and began mumbling. Somebody remarked that he was saying his prayers, but he soon commenced twitching and had to be removed from the court.

At one o'clock Parr appears to be somewhat improved, but it is not thought that he can recover. Barney and Edward Parr, his sons, were arrested on the 9th inst, on suspicion of having furnished their father with the poison.

Disgracing the State.

Looking at the utterly disgraceful proceedings in the Harrisburg House of Representatives in the last two days, there is one point of relief that the disgrace is the work of a minority of the members. It is not a majority of the House that says the Pennsylvania Legislature shall be a free field for the operation of bribery, and that corruptionists shall go unpunished. This mitigates the humiliation in some degree, but it does not lessen the gravity of the damages done to the Commonwealth and the people. The corruptionists have been shielded because there were not enough members with a sufficient sense of duty to join the majority and vindicate the House and the State by expelling the men who had broken the law, the Constitution and their oaths. This failure is as effective as if the corruptionists had been acquitted by a unanimous vote, and is as potent in assuring them and all of their stripe of immunity for the future—that is, all of the future so long as the people who elect legislators shall choose men as unscrupulous and as dead to sense of sworn duty as those who have done this thing. It is the work of "ring" politics and machine voting.

The offenders have been protected by a minority that was within thirteen votes of being a majority of the whole House. Eighty-eight members out of one hundred and eighty-six who voted declared by their votes that the corrupt practices of which Petroff, Rumberger and Geo. F. Smith were reported to be guilty shall not be punished in the Pennsylvania House of Representatives by the only penalty within the power of the Legislature. There is the shame, there the disgrace, there the irreparable damage to the public.

It may have been reserved for some such outrage upon public decency as this Four Million Riot bill and its corrupt career to arouse the voters of the State to their dereliction of duty in going to the polls like cattle driven to the shambles, to ratify the nomination of any sort of man for the high trust of making laws for four millions of people. Yet who expects otherwise than that, when the next election for members of the Legislature shall come around, submissive voters will be found following the same old cry, "stick to the ticket," "stand by the regular nominees of the party." This is the anchor to windward the wire-pullers of the machine always rely on; and it has proved to be a trusty reliance in many a hard blow.—*Ledger.*

"The Grand Army of the Republic."

It will be observed by our readers that just now the Republican newspapers of the country are full of notices of the Grand Army of the Republic, which they speak of as being revived in every direction and establishing new "Posts," as they call them, at every point. The Decoration services this year were generally conducted by the members of this association, and there seems to be a general arousing of interest in it among its adherents.

We long ago charged that the Grand Army, while containing among its members many unsuspecting Democrats, was nevertheless a spawn of the Republican party, and used in that party's interest. We have never yet seen any reason to change our opinion on this subject, and still believe it to be a scheme of the Republican party to capture and hold the votes of the soldiers. We are the more inclined to this belief from the fact that such great efforts are now being made to recruit the ranks of the Grand Army, which for the past couple of years have been suffered to become depleted and thinned. *This is the year before the presidential lection of* 1880, and this accounts for the active interest now taken by the Republican politicians and leaders in the Grand Army. They want to have it recognized, its ranks filled up, new "posts" established, and every soldier or son of a soldier who can be deceived, enlisted under its banners. They hope and expect to be able to control its vote for Grant or whoever the Republican nominee for President may be, although, as usual, they disclaim any political intention in the matter. But as it was in the past, so will it be in the future, and no stone will be left unturned to accomplish their purpose. They controlled it for Grant before and they will do it again, no matter how cunningly they may cover over their designs with the cloak of a patriotic purpose. The Grand Army of the Republic is undoubtedly a Republican device, and this is proved by their efforts to revive it just on the eve of a presidential election. If there is nothing political in it, why is there such a stir in the camp just at this particular time? Why is so much more interest taken in it *now* than for the past two or three years?

We have only to say to Democratic soldiers and Democratic voters, keep out of this organization. You will be warmly solicited to join it, and will be assured that it has no political purpose whatever, but we tell you if you are wise you will not allow yourselves to be thus deceived. There is a political purpose in it, and that purpose is to gain votes for the next Republican candidate for President. Any man with half an eye can see this, when he takes into consideration the present active effort to revive and strengthen it—an effort that is being made only by Republican leaders. We warn our Democratic friends against it, and if after this warning they are foolish enough to be deceived, their fault will be their own.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

Killed By a Pin.

MISS SOPHIA LEHRBERGER'S DEATH FROM SWALLOWING ONE MORE THAN A YEAR AGO.

Miss Sophia Lehrberger died at 325 East Fifty-fifth street, from the effects of swallowing a common brass pin. When the pin was swallowed, neither she nor her mother nor sisters have any idea, but the supposition is that she had the habit of putting pins in her mouth, and that over a year ago she inadvertently bolted the bit of metal. In July or August of last year, Miss Lehrberger began complaining of occasional severe pains in the lower portion of her bowls, on the right side with sometimes sharp pains in the back. These troubles gradually increased until in the latter part of September, when she suffered a violent attack of inflammation of the bowels. Dr. J. W. Ranney, of 17 East Forty-sixth street was called in and treated the apparent malady, of the cause of which nobody then suspected. The case, as he relates it, then progressed as follows: "The inflammation of the bowels was controlled, but then a large abscess formed in the right groin, from which when I lanced it, was discharged a great quantity of pus. It continued open and discharging, and about a week from the time I lanced it there came out through it a hard lump as thick as a crow quill and about an inch and a half long, which upon examination I found to be a common brass pin imbedded in some calcareous substance. Here is the pin. Where I have cracked off the chalky shell from its centre and point, you see plainly what it is. When I first saw it, the calcareous covering over it all was of the thickness that you see it still is on the head—a little thicker than a common quill pen. The abscess continued open, and ten days after the pin appeared this tack head came out. That was about the latter part of November last. Although the abscess developed into a fistulous connection with the bowels, the young lady grew stronger, and in ten days after getting rid of the tack head was able to be about. Two weeks ago she was attacked with peritonitis, or inflammation of the bowels, and on the 2d of June died.

"The autopsy showed that there was an adhesion of the bowels and the walls of the abdomen, and through this extended the fistulous opening—fully as large as a crow quill—perforating the intestine. That was the channel through which the pin and tack head passed. Those foreign substances had undoubtedly passed successfully through all the convolutions of the ileum or small intestine, until they reached the blind cul de sac known as the appendix vermiformis at the end of the caecum or large intestine, below the entrance into it of the ileum, and there had lodged. The inflammation caused by the irritation of their presence commenced at the entrance of the ileum, and from that point the adhesion. Pins may, and doubtless sometimes do, pass through the body without doing any harm, but they are liable to be detained in the cul de sac mentioned, and, instead of passing through the natural channel, form for themselves an artificial channel, as this one did, through the right groin, with the consequences seen in the present case. I have met with no such case before in my practice, and know of none recorded in the books, though there may be. Like results have, however, followed the lodgment of cherry stones in the appendix vermiformis. I have had numbers of cases in which needles that had been swallowed worked themselves out after the lapse of considerable time, and without any serious injury. They are prone to follow the line of the muscle they first reach after making their escape from the intestine, and may come out in the most unexpected places and ways. But the heads on the pins prevent their travelling so freely, and they are, consequently, more dangerous."—*N. Y. Sun.*

Solovieff, the Czar's Would-be Assassin, Executed.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 9.—The sentence against Alexander Solovieff, who attempted the assassination of the Emperor of Russia, on the 14th of last April, and was convicted on the 16th inst., before the supreme tribunal, of belonging to an association for the overthrow of the state, was carried out today. He was hanged at 10 o'clock this morning in the Smolenski field.

WASHINGTON LETTER

Washington, D. C., June 10, 1879.

EXIT EXTRA SESSION—MANY APPROPRIATION BILLS—UNEXPECTED UNANIMITY—A SCORE OF DEMOCRATS VOTE AGAINST THE ARMY BILL—AN ADJOURNMENT ALMOST CERTAIN BY THE 16th.—PROBABLY THE LAST CAUCUS OF THE SESSION—MULTANIMOUS DISAGREEMENT ON THE SILVER BILL.

Some surprise is expressed at the very large majority vote by which the legislative appropriation bill was passed in the House on yesterday. It had been urged against the bill that its provisions were not clearly defined and that it would be difficult of construction. Some members, Democrats as well as Republicans, were in favor of the vetoed bill, with the repealing section and appropriations for court expenses omitted, and there was an endeavor to have this substituted for the committee bill. Gen. Hawley was of opinion that a sufficient number of Democratic votes could be secured to carry a bill to this effect through the House. In the late Democratic caucus the speaker of the House proposed and advocated a new bill but he was voted down, the caucus voting in favor of a continuation of the present law with certain additions. Gen. Hawley finally voted in favor of the committee bill, as did all the Republicans. The twenty-two opposing votes were cast by Democrats, some of whom were not willing to favor the bill denuded of the repealing legislation originally proposed, and by others who objected to the form of the bill. Mr. Cox refused to vote for the bill giving as his reason that his constituents insisted upon the first stand taken by the party and were unwilling to abate their demands. The army bill will be brought before the House by the committee on appropriations to-day and will be passed immediately. Yesterday Mr. Ryan, Republican, of Kansas moved to pass the army bill, as reported by the committee, containing the clause forbidding the sending of troops to the polls. The Democrats moved and carried an adjournment because they were unwilling to allow the Republicans to have the *eclat* of passing their bill. The supplemental sundry civil bill containing appropriations for judicial expenses will certainly be passed as soon as to-morrow and it will probably get through to-day.

The impression generally expressed among members now is that Congress will adjourn next Saturday or Monday at the latest. Congress is very anxious to get home, and since both houses are practically unanimous on the appropriation bills, in their present shape, there will be little or no debate, and the only work expected will be the routine of passing the bills. The Senate will take up the legislative bill to-day, and, it is expected, will get through with the other appropriations by Saturday.

Yesterday immediately after adjournment there was another caucus of Democratic Senators. It remained in session nearly three hours. The Warner silver bill was exhaustively discussed. It was not proposed to make the bill a "caucus measure," except to the extent of insuring prompt action upon it, but the discussion yesterday developed such immovable opposition to the bill on the part of some Senators, and such irreconcilable differences of opinion as to the question of expediency that no proposition whatever was pushed to a vote and consequently the caucus adjourned without taking any action and without its members being any nearer an agreement than when they assembled. The speakers in favor of the bill were Senators Thurman, Beck, Voorhees, Garland, Maxey, Hereford, Coke, and Pendleton. Senators Bayard, Eaton, and Kernan made the principal speeches in opposition to the bill. The merits of the bill were debated only incidentally, there being evidently no hope of changing opinions concerning them. But the question of the probable effect of its passage by the Senate in connection with its anticipated veto by the President, was the subject of very animated discussion.

On the one hand it was argued that the effect would be to give increased strength to the Democracy in the West, and especially in the coming Ohio contest, on the other hand, it was insisted that, aside from the doubt whether the bill would obtain a majority vote in the Senate, its passage by the dominant party in that body would tend to alienate Democratic votes in Eastern States, and notably in New York and Connecticut.

It was also earnestly argued in opposition to the demands for immediate action upon the bill that the friends of the bimetallic system would most effectually promote the permanent establishment of a double standard in this country by deferring the present measure until the next session, and thus avoid an alleged threatened embarrassment to the efforts already in progress to establish an international common ratio of values between the two precious metals. The indications in the caucus were that at least eight or nine Democratic Senators will vote against Mr. Coke's pending resolution, and that it will therefore be defeated.

C. A. S.

Permanency an Object.

In troubles with the kidneys or liver a cure is worth nothing unless radical and permanent. Kidney-Wort assails the causes of the disease, by gently acting on the stomach and bowels. For piles it is better than any known specific.

Candidates.

[The following persons have been proposed for nomination by the next Democratic County Convention to be held August 12th, 1879. Candidates announced in this list are pledged to abide by the decision of the Convention.]

FOR SHERIFF,

E. UNANGST,

WILLIAM MILLER,
of Centre.

A. K. SMITH,
of Madison.

SAMUEL JACOBY,
of Bloom.

JOHN G. JACOBY,
of Berwick.

JOHN G. QUICK,
of Montour.

JOHN LORE,
of Pine.

CHARLES A. KNORR,
of Bloom.

SAMUEL SMITH,
of Fishingcreek.

d. C. KELCHNER,
of Scott.

OBITUARY.

GEORGE MARTZ.

This morning at 8 o'clock, George Martz died after a long and painful illness. He was taken sick about four months ago with a combination of diseases of the heart and kidneys. This was followed by several paralytic strokes. For the last three weeks he was speechless, and suffered the greatest agony. On Sunday he had another stroke and was unable to take any nourishment at all, and this morning, at the hour stated breathed his last. Mr. Martz was born in Roaring Creek, Columbia county, on the 8th day of March, 1814, and was consequently in his 66th year. At an early age he was apprenticed to Samuel Mears with whom, and George Mears he learned cabinet making and carpentering. He got no schooling except a month in the winter though every penny of his small earnings was invested in books, which he studied at night sitting on the wood chest behind the stove at the country farm house. Upon obtaining his freedom he went to Canada, where for some time he worked at his trade and with the money he saved paid for six months schooling. Returning from Canada, shortly after he went to Columbia county again and from there to Shamokin where he again worked at his trade. While there on the 8th of November 1838, he was married to Melissa, daughter of Ural Hopkins, of Light Street, who survives him. They remained at Shamokin for five or six years, when they moved of Pottsville and occupied the residence at the corner of 11th and Market streets, where they remained for thirty-one years except an interval of 3 years. Mr. Martz first engaged in breaker building and like work. Having earned considerable money he went back to Columbia county and ran an iron furnace for three years. Losing in this he returned to Pottsville and re-engaged in building. The first breaker erected by him was one at North America. Subsequently he erected Johns' at Mt. Laffee, Heckscher's at Shenandosah, and others. He obtained several patents for mining machinery, some of which is now in operation at Wadesville shaft. At the time of his death he was working on a machine for hoisting coal and water at the same time. The models are completed and had not his illness interfered, letters patent would have been taken out this summer.

Mr. Martz was always actively engaged in politics. He was a whig first, then are publican, and lately a greenbacker though he declined to be known by that name, saying always that the republican party had forsaken him and he the party. He was a member of the school board for several years from the Middle ward in which he then lived. For several years back he lived in the upper part of Peacock street Fishback. He was a man of sterling worth on whose word dependence could be placed. He was liberal and public spirited and his death will be generally regretted.—*Pottsville Chronicle.*

NEW AVDERTISEMENTS.

SANFORD'S
RADICAL CURE
For CATARRH

INSTANTLY relieves and permanently cures this loathsome disease in all its varying stages. It possesses the soothing and healing properties of plants, herbs and barks in their essential form, free from every fibrous contamination, and in this respect differs from every other known remedy. In one short year it has found its way from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and wherever known has become the standard remedy for the treatment of Catarrh. The proprietors have been waited upon by gentlemen of national reputation who have been cured by this remedy, and who have, at considerable expense and personal trouble, spread the good news throughout the circles in which they move. When you hear a wealthy gentleman of intelligence and refinement say, "I owe my life to Sanford's Radical Cure," you may feel assured that it is an article of great value, and worthy to be classed among the standard medical specifics of the day.

THE benefit I derive from its daily use is to me invaluable. HENRY WELLS, of WELLS, FARGO & Co.

IT has cured me after twelve years of uninterrupted suffering. GEO. W. HOUGHTON, WALTHAM, MASS.

I FOLLOWED the directions to the letter and am happy to say I have had a permanent cure. D. W. KEAN, M. D., MACHATINE, IOWA.

I HAVE recommended it to quite a number of my friends, all of whom have expressed to me their high estimate of its value and good effects with them. WM. HOWES, 726 PINE ST., ST. LOUIS.

AFTER using two bottles I find myself permanently cured. I have since recommended over one hundred bottles with the greatest success. WM. W. ARMSTRONG, 159 HARRISON AVE., BOSTON.

WE have sold SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE for nearly one year and can say candidly that we never sold a similar preparation that gave such universal satisfaction. We have yet to learn of the first complaint. S. D. BALDWIN & CO., WASHINGTON, IND.

THE cure effected in my case by SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE was so remarkable that it seemed to those who had suffered without relief from any of the usual remedies that it could not be true. I therefore made affidavit to it before Seth J. Thomas, Esq., Justice of the Peace, Boston. GEORGE F. DINSMORE, DRUGGIST, BOSTON.

Each package of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, and full directions for its use in all cases. Price, $1 00. For sale by all Wholesale and retail druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS'
VOLTAIC PLASTER

An Electro-Galvanic Battery combined with a highly Medicated Strengthening Plaster, forming the best Plaster for pains and aches in the World of Medicine.

A MORBID SWELLING.

Gentlemen,—I sent for one of COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS, and it has been of great benefit in reducing a swelling in my left side, that two physicians pronounced Enlargement of the Spleen, and one pronounced it an Ovarian Tumor. L. A. BISTER.

CYNTHIANIA, IND., March 29, 1877.

THEY ARE THE BEST.

Gentlemen,—Enclosed you will find $2.25, and I wish you would send me another dozen of your COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS. By the above you will see that I can do something to help others in some way even if I am not able to be up and around. There are a number who have tried your plasters who had given out that all plasters were good for nothing, and now join with me that they are the best they have ever tried. I have got along this winter better than I have before in three years. Wished I could have heard of your plasters before. Yours, &c., LOUETTA M. CROSS.

BALLSTON SPA, N. Y., March 31, 1877.

Price, 25 Cents.

Be careful to call for COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER but you get some worthless imitation. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

June 13, 79-tf

ANNUAL STATEMENT
—OF—
SCOTT SCHOOL DISTRICT.

JACOB TERWILLIGER, Treasurer.

CR.

KEPT SCHOOL.

By cash paid S.W.Edgar, teacher,	140 00	
" John Creveling, "	110 00	
" Sarah C. Snyder, "	110 00	
" S. A. Worman, store bill,	5 47	
" W. B. Robinson,	5 30	
" E. B. Pursel, fixtures,	16 55	
" H. W. Aul, coal	2 38	
" P.E. Bombay & Son, rep'rs	1 65	
" S. A. Worman, chimney tops, etc.	2 51	
" W. E. Dietterich,	1 77	
" Harman & Massart,	1 00	
" E. B. Pursel, repairs,	3 41	
		407 03

LIGHT STREET SCHOOL.

By C. M Terwilliger, teacher, 5 mo	140 00	
" Wm McDowell, " "	110 00	
" Phœbe Snyder, " "	110 00	
" J. Terwilliger, coal, broom, etc	43 76	
		403 76

APTON SCHOOL.

By Douglas White, teacher, 5 mo	140 00	
" W. W. Moorhead, " "	110 00	
" A. Mood, plastering, etc.	10 00	
" Geo. W. Creveling, coal, etc.	17 90	
" A. Mood, blackboard	12 25	
		290 15

CROSS ROADS SCHOOL.

By A. H. Vandersluce, teacher, 5 mo	140 00	
" David Jones, coal, flooring, etc	36 38	
" Terwilliger, coal, etc	3 09	
		179 47

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

By duplicate to E. B. Pursel	5 35	
" 6 copies School Journal	9 00	
" school books, I. W. Hartman,	16 76	
" salary secretary, E. B. Pursel	30 00	
" Auditors	3 00	
" printing this report	6 00	
" commission to Treasurer	96 97	
		167 08
Balance		148 68
		$1324 17

DR.

June 23, 1878, cash from Henry C Kechner, late treasurer,	884 61	
June 9, '79 cash received from collector H N White, during year	1139 56	
		$1024 17
Balance in hands of treasurer,		$148 68
Amount in hands of collector		$34 40
Amount of exonerations		$61 19

SAM'L A. WORMAN,
C. C. TRENCH,
CLARK KRESSLER,
} Auditors.

June 13-3w*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

Of Sugarloaf township of supervisors of roads to the year ending April 14th, 1879.

Andrew Hess and John Lewis, Supervisors.

	Dr.	Cr.
To amount of duplicate of road tax in Andrew Hess' hands for the year of 1878	$254 65	
To amount of unseated land tax	138 02	
By work done on road		$326 87
By time as Supervisor		48 73
By receipts and others redeemed		113 28
By exonerations		2 90
By orders redeemed		4 06
To order	2 57	
	$495 84	$495 84
To amount of duplicate of road tax in John Lewis' hands for the year of 1878	302 60	
By work done on road		338 32
By time as Supervisor		59 37
By exonerations		2 90
To orders	68 39	
	$926 83	$926 83
To amount of orders issued on over work	$345 98	

The above is the indebtedness for the year 1878.

We, the Auditors of Sugarloaf township have examined the Supervisor's accounts and find it as above stated.

By order of Auditors,
ELIJAH PETERMAN,
AARON FRITZ,
J. B. DAVIS,
} Auditors.

Attest, ANDREW LAUBACH, Clerk.

June 13—3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at Williams' Hotel, Berwick, Pa., at 10 o'clock, a. m., on

TUESDAY, JULY 8th, 1879.

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate on the south easterly side of Front, between Mulberry and Vine streets, in the borough of Berwick, bounded by Front street north, lot of Andrew Fowler east, Susquehanna river and Western R. R. South, and of Baptist Church west, ninety-nine feet, more or less, in front, and feet in depth. Being Water Lots Nos. 6 & 19, as marked and numbered in the general plan of the town of Berwick.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Andrew Fowler, against George A. Beam, and to be sold as the property of George A. Beam.

THOMPSON, Attorney.

Terms cash on day of sale.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

June 13 79-ts

CHANGE OF NAME.

In the matter of the petition of Lizzie Fisher, presented to the Court in open session, February 4, 1879:

And now, May 14, 1879, it appearing to the Court that three months have elapsed since the presenting of the petition in this case to the Court, and that the prayer of the petition should be granted, the Court hereby makes decree that the name of the petitioner be changed from Lizzie Fisher to Lizzie Conner, and directs that notice of this decree shall be published in the COLUMBIAN, a weekly newspaper published at Bloomsburg, for four succeeding weeks.

Certified from the Records this June 6, 1879. Wm. KRICKBAUM, Prothonotary.

J 13—4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the storehouse, on the first described property in Centre township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, at ten o'clock a. m. on

THURSDAY, JULY 10th, 1879,

All those pieces and parcels of land with the appurtenances, bounded and described as follows: one piece situate in Centre township, Columbia county, bounded on the north by a public road leading from Whitmyer's store to Evansville, eastwardly by George K. Hess and Jesse Frear, south by M. W. Jackson, Paul Zahner and John Biker, and on the west by a public road, by Aaron Keckner and Ellis Ringrose, containing one hundred and fifty-four acres more or less, all improved land, on which are erected one storehouse, two small frame dwelling houses, two large bank barns, one stable and a wagon shed, on which is a good apple orchard, being the same premises purchased by defendant at Orphans' Court sale as the property of Gilbert H. Fowler, deceased.

ALSO,

The one-eighth title and interest of defendant in all that tract of land situate in township of Briarcreek in said county on which the defendant now resides, bounded on the north by land heretofore of John Vanpelt, now M. E. Jackson and of John Heavener, on the west by said Heavener, now Adam Dieterich and Francis Evans, on the south by land heretofore owned by P. M. Traugh and now owned by Pettie and on the east by the said Pettie and others, containing two hundred and twenty-five acres, more or less, about one hundred and fifty acres of which are cleared on which are erected frame bank barn, frame dwelling house, with other outbuildings, on which is an excellent apple orchard and other fruit.

ALSO,

one other tract of land situate in said township of Briarcreek, bounded on the east by land of Hannah Sitler, south by land of Isaac Bower, on the west by William Sitler, and on the north by Yost's estate, containing forty-seven acres, more or less, all improved, with an orchard thereon.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Susanah Hunt against William Lamon, and to be sold as the property of William Lamon.

JACKSON & SON, Attorneys.

Terms cash on day of sale.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

June 13, '79-ts

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

INVITE ATTENTION

TO THE FOLLOWING

STATEMENT OF FACTS.

A FEW PLAIN WORDS TO ALL

BUYERS OF DRY GOODS.

WE DEAL IN DRY GOODS EXCLUSIVELY.

The result of a lifetime experience in this special line of business; the concentration of all our time and personal attention upon it; the facilities afforded by ample capital invested in DRY GOODS ALONE; a thorough knowledge of all markets, European and American; constant personal supervision of every detail of the business—all these advantages combined enable us constantly to unfold opportunities to our patrons which can scarcely be found elsewhere. Other houses may lead in other special lines of business, or even attempt to do a little in all branches of merchandise; we prefer to DO ONE THING WELL, and

TO LEAD

IN THE

DRY GOODS BUSINESS.

Owning the largest retail stock of Dry Goods in Philadelphia (having six floors of our large building packed with goods), all purchased EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH in the best markets of the world, we submit that we are in a position to offer unequaled inducements to all buyers of Dry Goods. In addition, our store, built by ourselves, for our own business, is conceded to be the most conveniently appointed and the best lighted business establishment in the United States. To be able to examine goods under a perfect light is no small advantage to every prudent buyer.

Consumers everywhere within reach of Philadelphia cannot fail to see the advantage of obtaining their supplies where not only the heaviest Dry Goods stock is carried, but where the largest business admits of the smallest profits.

(Signed) Strawbridge & Clothier.

Out-of-town consumers are informed that all orders for goods or requests for samples, will receive prompt, careful and intelligent attention in a department organized for their special convenience.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER
N. W. Cor. Eighth and Market Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.

Notice!

In the face of everything, Wanamaker & Brown increased their great Clothing business last year at Oak Hall nearly a quarter of a million dollars, and for 1879 the new plans will make the house more popular and increase the business much more. Eighteen years in the people's service at the old corner of Sixth and Market has taught us how to do the business well.

Notice!

Whatever may be said, no house in the United States sells anything like so much Clothing at Retail as Oak Hall, and no house in Philadelphia sells more than a quarter as many goods as Mr. Wanamaker sells *in Clothing alone.* Doing this large business shows the people's regard for our goods, and enables us to buy cheaply and sell at small profits.

Notice!

Impressions have been erroneously given to the effect that Mr. John Wanamaker, who founded Oak Hall, is not interested in the old store, and that it does not have his attention; on the contrary, his ownership of it remains unchanged, and he has lost none of his love for it. Every day finds him supervising all its departments. Mr. William H. Wanamaker spends his entire time on the Oak Hall business.

A VISIT THIS SPRING PARTICULARLY INVITED.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL, 6th & Market Sts., Philad'a.
THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA.

May 2, 79-6m.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD SOLD BY ALL DEALERS

WHITE SEWING MACHINE
$1500.00 CASH TO AGENTS

SO SIMPLE A CHILD CAN USE IT. WARRANTED FOR 3 YEARS

BEWARE OF BOGUS DEALERS AND DEFACED NUMBERS NOTICE OUR GENUINE NUMBER ON SHUTTLE RACE-PLATE.

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS: WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

June 6-4w

BRIDGE LETTING.

A covered wooden brace bridge to be built over Westcreek near Eli Mendenhall's saw mill, benton township, 52 feet between abutments, length of abutments 16 feet, will be let at the Commissioner's office on Monday, June 30th, 1879, between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. Old bulkheads to be repaired to admit of skewback three feet from top of wall plate. Plans and specifications can be seen at office.

STEPHEN POHE, } County
CHAS. REICHART, } Com'rs.
A. B. HERRING, }

Attest: JOHN B. CASEY, Clerk.
Commissioners' Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., May 30 '79-2w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the distribution of the funds in Court from the sale of the property of Moore Creveling.

HENRY J. McEWEN, Vs. MOORE CREVELING. } No. 163 May Term, 1876. Fier. Fa. Fa.

Now, May 13th, 1879, the Court appoint Geo. E Elwell auditor to distribute the funds in Court ar

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1879

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,	6.56 A. M.	8.00 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.49 P. M
Express Train	1.57 P. M.	11.45 A. M

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.48 A. M.	7.36 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

STAGE LINES.

CAMBRA AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave Cambra Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30 a. m., arrive at Bloomsburg by 11:30 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BLOOMSBURG AND LAIRDSVILLE.—Leave Lairdsville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 12 m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail. The stage line terminates at Millville.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—A daily stage line leaving Benton in the morning and returning in the evening of the same day.

MAIL ROUTES.

WHITE HALL AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave White Hall Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 10 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leaves Benton Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg at 2 p. m. Leaves Bloomsburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a. m., arriving at Benton at 2 p. m.

PUBLIC SALES.

I. K. Krickbaum, executor of Andrew Fellows, deceased, will sell at public sale in Huntington township, Luzerne county, Thursday, June 26th 1879, a valuable farm of 255 acres. Also, several tons of hay, and a Valley Chief mower, &c.

Has our Town Council the nerve to tackle the "Cow Question?"

William H. Gilmore, gave a sociable dance in his hall on Wednesday evening.

We add to the list of candidates for sheriff this week the name of E. Unangst. Next!

On Tuesday last our town was honored by the presence of six candidates for sheriff.

Col. Freeze, Col. Knorr, C. G. Barkley and A. C. Smith Esqs., attended Supreme Court at Harrisburg this week.

If you wish to see a model farm, visit that of E. H. Little Esq. a short distance beyond Light Street.

"Ned" Williams has gone to Fall Brook, Tioga county to work in the coal mines. We wish him success.

"Turk" Allen is on a visit to his friends in this place. He frequently met some old comrades.

In no town in the state is the Sabbath more religously observed than in Bloomsburg nor is there elsewere a more church-going people.

Some of our wooden sidewalks are sadly in need of repair—in fact are utterly ruinous, and dangerous. It is not economy to lay down such structures.

The first nine volumes of American Decisions have been placed in the Law Library. The whole set will make about seventy-five volumes.

Rev. L. Zahner attended the Episcopal Convention at Lancaster this week. Judge Knickbaum, of St. Gabriel's, Sugarloaf., E. R. Drinker, P. E. Wirt, and Geo. E. Elwell, of St. Paul's Bloomsburg, also attended as Lay deputies.

The receipts of the festival at the Opera House Friday and Saturday were $111.45, which left a handsome profit after paying expenses.

The store formerly occupied by Mr. Lamon, at Witmire's is now in the hands of Mr. W. E. Bennett formerly of ,Wilkes-Barre. We wish him success.

Mr. Chas. W. Snyder has severed his connection as clerk of the City Hotel. Charles made a very kind and obliging clerk.

There will be no formal celebration of the Fourth of July in this place. The Committee of arrangements declined to pay the necessary expenses.

The Hon. M. G. Hughes of Catawisa was in town Tuesday, but whether as a member of the Democratic Standing Committee (which convened that day) or not we are not informed.

We have received a neat catalogue of the Orangeville Academy, from the contents of which, we judge that the school is in a thriving condition. During the year 1878-9 143 students have been in attendance.

The Fourth of July Finance committee is soliciting contributions for the celebration. Our people should subscribe liberally so that proper preparations can be made. A good time cannot be expected without money to pay the bills.

Mr. A. L. Fritz, deputy Sheriff, received the appointment of collector of State and County tax for the town of Bloomsburg for the following year, notwithstanding there were four other applicants.

On Thursday the 5th inst. the Commissioners made the appointments of tax collectors for 1879, throughout the county. We are unable to give the names of the collectors in the different townships this week as there have been some persons appointed who will not accept.

There is a penalty for defacing United States coin, though from the number of defaced pieces in circulation many of those who handle it would seem not to be aware of the fact. For the information of such we may say that the legal penalty is two years' imprisonment and two thousand dollars fine. Think of this, ye clippers and borers of dollars, halves and quarters.

At a meeting of the Rescue Hook & Ladder Company held on Friday evening, (6th inst) it was resolved that a vote of thanks be tendered the citizens for their liberal support at the late Festival.

N. B. The proceeds of the Festival which was four dollars will be invested in Government Bonds.

NORMAL SCHOOL.—The examination of the senior class will begin Wednesday July 18th, at 9 a. m. The following is the committee of examiners: Supt. Wickersham, L. L. D.; deputy Supt. Houck; Prof Geo. P. Beard, Principal State Normal School at California, Pa.; Supt. Horine, of Montour county, and Supt. Fahnenstock, of Perry county. There are 27 candidates.

Those nuisances, the gates to the Court House yard have been replaced to the annoyance of the people. If the object is to keep cattle out, it fails, because they can generally get in when they want to. But as Reform is the order of the day why don't the Commissioners remove the two old stoves that now stand like sentinels at the Court House door. But then, nobody will steal them in this warm weather.

The meeting of the Democratic Standing Committee on Tuesday last, was the best attended we have seen for ten years. The utmost harmony prevailed, and all felt hopeful of the future. The resolution proposing to reduce representation in Districts polling less than forty votes, is equitable, and will have the tendency to spur up voters in certain townships in the future.

At a meeting of the Rescue Hook & Ladder Company No. 2 of Bloomsburg, held at their room on Friday evening the 6th inst. it was

Resolved, That the officers and members of Rescue Hook & Ladder Co., tender a sincere vote of thanks to the members of the Bloomsburg Silver Cornet Band for the enlivening music furnished by them for the Festival held in the Opera House May 30th.

Socialism, by Mr. Godkin; the Currency and U. S. Supreme Court, by Mr. Brooks Adams; the Indian Question, by Ex Secretary Cox: the State of Greece; the Condition of Turkey; London Actors; Recent American and English Literature, are topics in the *International Review* for June. A. S. Barnes & Co., N. Y. pub. lishers. Price by mail, post-paid 50 cents. This high class magazine should be in every American household. The ablest and most charming writers in the world are contributors. Subscription, $5.00 a year.

There are at present rival water companies in Bloomsburg, and considerable strife exists over the matter. The Moyer Brothers were the first to agitate the question of supplying the town with water; their arrangements were nearly complete when Mr. S. Knorr and C. W. Miller organized another company, and are now striving to obtain the first charter. The citizens generally feel that whatever is the result, the obtaining of a supply of water will be a blessing.—*National Record.*

Some one has misinformed the *Record*. The only question between the parties is as to the source of the supply. No water company has been organized yet but a notice of application for a charter has been published, and we have no doubt that all parties will unite in the formation of a responsible company.

WHY WILL YOU

Allow a cold to advance in your system and thus encourage more serious maladies, such as Pneumonia, Hemorrhages and Lung troubles when an immediate relief can be so readily attained. *Boschee's German Syrup* has gained the largest sale in the world for the cure of Coughs Colds and the severest Lung Diseases. It is Dr. Boschee's famous German prescription, and is prepared with the greatest care, and no fear need be entertained in administering it to the youngest child, as per directions. The sale of this medicine is unprecedented. Since first introduced there has been a constant increasing demand and without a single report of a failure to do its work in any case. Ask your druggist as to the truth of these remarks. Large size 7 cents. Try it and be convinced. aug 30, '78–tf

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JAIL DELIVERY.

On Tuesday last one half of the prisoners confined in jail were released. They were *first:* Milton Cook, a half witted boy, who was convicted of stealing honey. He had served his time, but was unable to pay costs. *Second:* Shultz of Sugarloaf, who was confined because unable to pay costs. *Third:* Peter Shankey, an aged darkey, who had a row with his young wife, but could not pay the costs. This leaves "Business Beers," who is now bed-sick, with but two companions.

We cannot understand the policy of the law which sends a man to jail, or keeps him there because he cannot pay costs. It is folly to keep men in jail several months for such cause, be cause they must be released eventually anyhow.

We observe that in some of our neighboring counties—Montgomery, for instance—the county treasurer is giving notice that he will soon commence his annual collection of state and county taxes, announcing the dates upon which he will be in the several wards and townships, and that afterwards he will receive taxes at his office. This seems to be a cheap, expeditious and ample method of making collections that in this county cost thousands of dollars and cause a scramble for the positions of district collectors. As this money is eventually paid into the county treasury it might be well collected at once by the incumbent of that office. If he would, after due notice, make the circuit of the county, the taxpayers might just as easily as not meet him at the times and places, and the tax be collected promptly and cheaply, saving to the county thousands of dollars now paid to collectors and the five per cent. abatement, which the tax-payers seldom get now, but which is appropriated by the collectors who shrewdly pay in the amount of their duplicate within the time in which the abatement is allowed and the collection of a goodly portion of which they put off until even a penalty of five per cent. is added to it. While the commissioners are changing the time of paying the tax they might as well consider the practicability of a change in the mode of collection, which operates in other counties so economically and satisfactorily.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

CATAWISSA NEWS.

Local news is scarce.

A young man employed by Mr. Cleaver at Roaring creek while engaged in sawing shingles had his third finger sawed off on Friday of last week.

Mr. Harley Keiffer a brakeman employed on the P. & R. Rail Road had his thumb crushed a few days since.

Mr. William Reitmeyer had his hand and arm bruised whilst making a coupling on the P. & R. Rail Road a short time since.

We have been shown several fine specimens of the "Sharpless Seedling" strawberry. For size and flavor they certainly take the lead.

Mr. F. F. Merceron started for Philadelphia Tuesday morning with several baskets of these berries which he intends exhibiting at the Fruit exhibition to be held there this week.

A party of gentlemen left here Monday morning on a trout frollicking expedition. We are informed that they intend stopping at "Hall's" Hope they may be successful.

Mr. Wm. Hartman is improving one of his houses on Third street. Mr. Hartman is never behind in the matter of improvements.

A row occured in front of the Susquehanna Hotel on Monday night. The participants being half grown boys. Where was the constable?

The catch of bass during the last week was not very large. The heavy rains being the cause.

At this writing Tuesday we are informed that Harry Yetter son of J. B. Yetter whose illness we noticed in last week's locals is no better.

The coat of white wash that J. B Kistler has given his barn and out buildings adds greatly to their appearance.

The society for the protection of Fish and Game of this place indulged in another ball shooting match on Tuesday afternoon. Annexed is the names of the participants and the score, for which we are indebted to a member of the society.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
H. B. Aldrich	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9
A. A. King	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	6
L. P. Kreigh	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	7
T. P. Cherrington	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	9
Wm. Orange	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	6
A. Stadler	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	7
T. E. Harder	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
Able Thomas	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
G. W. Reifsnyder	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	4
A. H. Sharpless	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	7

DANDELION AND CROCUS.

The tint of the first crocus, with its cup of gold or the bloom of a dandelion in June, is that imparted to butter, whether grass made or not, by the Perfected Butter Color of Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. It has no effect on the flavor.

SCHOOL APPROPRIATION.—If our new School Board wishes to come in ahead for the state appropriation the proper way is to make the annual report to the county superintendent immediately after organization. Drafts for State appropriation are issued to school districts in the order in which their annual reports and certificates are received at the school department. That is, the school district sending the first correct report to the school department will receive the first appropriations paid. School officers who do not have blanks for making this yearly report, should notify the county superintendent at once.—*Danville Intelligencer.*

A. J. Ditman, the enterprising Druggist, corner of Barclay street and Broadway., N. Y. manufacturer and proprietor of "Ditman's Sea Salt" says:

I sell large quantities of Giles' Liniment Ammonia. It is the best preparation I have seen in an experience of many years, and do not hesitate to recommend it before any thing of the kind I know of.

Sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet,
DR. GILES.
120 West Broadway, N. Y.
Trial size 25 cents.

Financial Editor of Public Ledger: Will you please inform me, through your valuable paper, if a mortgage, after being recorded, is always good, or does it become void after a certain number of years? If so, how many? By answering the above you will oblige an old subscriber.

T. H. H.

We are not aware of any provision of law that makes a mortgage void upon the lapse of any period of time after it is recorded. The mortgage must be recorded within six months after its date, and that fixes its lien upon the mortgaged property as regards all mortgages of subsequent date of record. It is possible for a sale under a prior lien to make a subsequent mortgage valueless, but there is nothing in the lapse of time that we know of that affects its value.—*Ledger.*

On last Tuesday morning, Harry Wertheimer, who some time ago, was news agent on the P. & R. R. R. was standing in the depot at Reading while, at an office in the building, men were eargerly buying $10, 4 per cent. bonds. Two men, one with $300 and the other with $100., who were anxious to make their purchase and get away, asked Harry to take their money and buy the bonds for them. He took the money and shortly after slipped out of the depot, took a train and came to Catawissa. A policeman was soon on his track. He, suspecting that he might be pursued, took the L. & B. train at Catawissa and came to Danville. When he arrived here, the policeman who had come on the P. & R. train, was waiting at the depot to receive him, took him to jail to spend the night and on Wednesday went with him on the train back to Reading. He had got rid of all the money but $85.—*Montour American.*

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY STANDING COMMITTEE.

BLOOMSBURG, June 10th, 1879.

In pursuance of the call of the Chairman the Columbia County Democratic Standing Committee met in the grand jury room. Called to order at 1:30 p. m., by the chairman, D. Lowenberg. The following members were present:

Beaver—J. Rittenhouse.
Bloom—East Ward—D. Lowenberg.
Bloom—West Ward—C. S. Furman.
Catawissa—M. Hamlin.
Centre—Jos. Weis.
Locust—Daniel Morris.
Madison—J. M. Smith.
Mifflin—Dr. Montgomery.
Montour—B. Rhoades,
Mt Pleasant—J. R. Ikeler.
Pine—John F. Fowler.
Scott—Jacob Terwilliger.

Upon motion the following apportionment of delegates to the County Convention was adopted:

Beaver	179	3	Delegates.
Berwick	115	2	"
Benton	177	3	"
Bloom-East Ward	195	3	"
Bloom-West Ward	109	2	"
Briarcreek	88	2	"
Catawissa	178	3	"
Centralia	43	2	"
Centre	139	2	"
Conyngham, N.	21	2	"
Conyngham, S.	11	2	"
Fishingcreek	220	4	"
Franklin	54	2	"
Greenwood	147	2	"
Hemlock	136	2	"
Jackson	108	2	"
Locust	226	4	"
Madison	166	3	"
Main	112	2	"
Mifflin	178	3	"
Montour	81	2	"
Mt Pleasant	88	2	"
Orange	75	2	"
Pine	99	2	"
Roaringcreek	67	2	"
Scott	109	2	"
Sugarloaf	157	3	"

Upon motion of Mr. Hamlin of Catawissa, the following resolution was adopted: That we recommend to the next Democratic County Convention that the rules be so revised that no election District casting less than forty votes be entitled to more than one delegate.

On separate motions several gentlemen were nominated as delegates to the next State Convention, and Mahlon Hamlin and William Krickbaum were selected as Representative Delegates.

On motion W. J. Buckalew and D. Lowenberg were selected as Senatorial Conferees to meet similar Conferees in this District to nominate a Senatorial Delegate. On motion adjourned.

GEO. A. CLARK, Secretary. D. LOWENBERG, Chairman.

WATER QUESTION.

W. P. Hanchett, of Rochester, N. Y. representing the Boston Improvement Company, has been in town since Monday for the purpose of looking up the water question. The Company propose to take the charter and erect water works, on their own responsibility. Whether their proposition will be accepted, we cannot say at present.

It is due to Mr. Douglas, whose statement has been published in the COLUMBIAN, and which is commented on in Col. Worrall's letter, to give the following reply:

ASHLAND, PA., June 8, 1879.

C. B. BROCKWAY,

Dear Sir:—I noticed by your last issue that your people have at last taken some interest in water works, and I hope they will push the work at once. You should have the levels run with great care from your borough to Stony Brook. I think the Brook could be made available and now iron being low and labor, no time should be lost, for iron will go up in a few months.

I notice Col. Worrall says that he thinks my estimate too small, it may be, but I think that it was too large, taking our works here as an example. Our iron cost us over $38,000. Yours would not be over $30,000. Our fire plugs, valves, &c., $2500. Your fire plugs, valves, &c., $1100. Our dam and land cost us much more than I have allowed for yours. Hence in the two lines there would be an actual difference of $10,000 in iron. Our line is longer than yours and pipes were 12 inches on main, while yours would be 10 inches, thus requiring larger ditches, in town we had 8, 6, and 4 inch, while yours would only be 6 and 4, making ours much the more expensive work, costing about $60,000.

Yours truly,
S. W. DOUGLASS.

PAINLESS PURIFICATION.

Kidney-Wort operates on diseases of the kidneys and liver by a mild cathartic tendency, which without violence removes bad elements from the blood. It is an excellent remedy for rheumatism and inactivity of the lower bowels. Your Druggist has it.

BENTON NEWS.

BENTON, June 11, 1879.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—As there have been a few occurrences in and about this place during the past week that may prove of interest to some of your readers, and not noticing any correspondence from this place in your worthy and leading paper of this county, I will endeavor to give you the facts.

Our town was unusually dull on Saturday last, about all of the citizens of this place took a pleasure trip to the Long Pond; there were one hundred and two persons from Benton and vicinity. The Benton Brass Band took the lead, displaying their talent in that profession which they have lately undertaken. Of course, as is usually the case, they had some bad luck. When they were ready to start and commenced playing their music, the horses became frightened and almost uncontrollable, and broke the wagon pole. They were compelled to get out and make a new one and iron it off, which they did in about as short a time as it could be done. They jumped aboard and tried it again and all landed safely at the place of rendezvous. It was but a short time after reaching the destined point that they began making preparations for dinner, spreading table cloths upon the grass one after another, until they had a place long enough for all to sit down at, and partake of the delicious and many different kinds of eatables prepared especially for the occasion. The Band played a couple of their favorite pieces, and then all went to dinner. After dinner they went down to the Lake, got boats and sailed around on the water, until all had a boat ride, except some who were afraid to get in them. At half past four o'clock they were ready to start for home, and after serenading and extending their thanks to Mr. Frank Ricketts, the proprietor of that place, for the privileges and hospitality which he voluntarily extended to them, they started on their journey homeward, and all landed at their homes without any other accident. They are all well pleased with the trip and say that a large crowd cannot go to a better place to have a good time.

It must be acknowledged that Mr. Elias McHenry is the giant, of this section, in the art of capturing the "speckled beauties." On Saturday evening last, he caught eight of the finest trout that have been seen by the citizens of this place for quite awhile. "John" will have to throw up the sponge.

The Benton Brass Band is progressing finely considering the short time they have been engaged in the new profession. They will undoubtedly become perfect in their art ere long and it is hoped that the citizens will be liberal and do all they can to encourage them.

Mrs. A. T. Ikeler, who has been ill for a period of over one year, has had a change for the better, and is at present convalescing. For the past two weeks she has improved wonderfully. Should she continue improving as rapidly as she has for the past two weeks, it will not be long until she will be pretty smart again. It is hoped that such will be the case.

On Saturday last, at the Long Pond, your correspondent had the pleasure of meeting and making the acquaintance of Mr. A. B. Bowman, editor and publisher of the Dushore *Review*, Sullivan county, Pa. He reports business unusually brisk in his line at present. Success to him, as his spicy paper shows evidence that he deserves it.

Mr. Benjamin McHenry, who has been afflicted with consumption for some time, is quite feeble yet; but is so that he can walk around town.

Mr. Russel Karns, proprietor of one of the hotels in this place, was unfortunate enough to loose a splendid young colt. He found it dead in the stable on Sunday morning.

Benton is still improving, regardless of the hard times. Mr. J. J. McHenry has men employed in digging and hauling stone for the foundation of a large dwelling house, which he intends erecting. Mr. McHenry is one of Benton's most enterprising and go-ahead men—if he does tell a big trout story once in awhile.

Several young men, from this place, started for the bark woods last Monday, in search of work. There are but very few laborers idle in Benton at present. There is work enough for all, and our industrious young men are are all at work. Benton has not seen the time lately, when there were so few idle men, as at present.

There was a frightful looking shower, accompanied by a very strong gale of wind, passed over this place, toward the north mountain, on Tuesday evening. It sprinkled a little here, but not enough to lay the dust. Some of the farmers were dissatisfied with it, saying that rain is needed, and that it is very hard ploughing now, on account of its being so dry.

Farmers and laborers, in general, are all very busy now. Everything appears to be unusually quiet in our little village, and local news very hard to gather, so I will close for this time with the expectation of sending you more interesting news next time.

Yours truly,
J.

Chew JACKSON'S BEST Sweet Navy Tobacco.

A SENATOR HONORED.

RECEPTION TO HON. GEO. D. JACKSON, OF SULLIVAN.

The ladies belonging to the Home for the Friendless association of Williamsport were apprised of the fact that Hon. Geo. D. Jackson, of Sullivan county, senator from this district, had been of very valuable service to them in securing the appropriation for the benefit of their worthy institution. Naturally they felt under obligations to the senator named, and it having become known to them that he would be at the Park Hotel, a reception was tendered him there soon after the arrival of the mail train from the east. The officers of the Home assembled in the spacious parlors of the hotel, where, after finishing his supper, the senator was ushered, and taken possession of. He was welcomed by Hon. H. C. Parsons, who, in a glowing speech, expressed the pleasure it afforded him to perform that office. The ladies were profoundly grateful to Senator Jackson for his indefatigable and successful labors in putting through the appropriation, he having so managed the matter that it had gone through, in the very last moments of the session. He might feel assured that his services were greatly appreciated. The senator, though very much enfeebled by sickness, and directed by his physicians to refrain from all work, has persistently remained at his post.

The ladies arose and received their guest, and were introduced seperately to him.

The senator, although in a feeble condition, made an appropriate response to the complimentary expression tendered him. He thanked the ladies for the honor shown him by their presence. He assured them that he had done only his duty, the performance of which had afforded him genuine satisfaction. Like them, he felt greatly rejoiced at the result. His full sympathies where with the cause represented by this institution. One of the earliest lessons impressed upon him by his mother was to care for the helpless. He had tried to remember that lesson. He had employed all honorable means to obtain for this institution the aid for which it asked. He assured the ladies in conclusion that he should take great pleasure in visiting the Home upon the first favorable opportunity. The senator spoke with not a little emotion, and was evidently deeply impressed by the unexpected compliment tendered him. He disclaimed being the only one entitled to credit. Very much was due the members from this county, who had earnestly supported the measure. Credit was also due the members of the bar from this county, who had been attending supreme court at Harrisburg, for the manner in which they had exerted themselves in behalf of the Home.

The occasion was a very agreeable one throughout. In addition to the ladies, the following gentlemen, among others, were present, viz: Wm. A. Baldwin, F. Coleman, F. Reading, John Ransom, Theo. Hill A. J. Dietrick, J. Emery, H. W. Early, Ezra Canfield, H. Herriman, J. J. Ayres, G. S. Ransom, together with many guests of the hotel.

In the senator's feeble state the ladies did not feel like encroaching upon his time, and after recommending him to retire, and expressing their earnest solicitude for his health, they withdrew.

The ladies feel grateful to all who were instrumental in securing the needed aid for their beloved Home, and will, whenever occasion offers, endeavor to signify their appreciation to all who came to their support.—*Gazette & Bulletin.*

LOST SEVEN POUNDS IN THREE WEEKS.

Allan's Anti-Fat is a genuine medicine, and will reduce corpulency from two to five pounds per week. Purely vegetable and perfectly harmless, acting entirely on the food in the stomach, preventing the formation of fat. It is also a positive remedy for dyspepsia and rheumatism.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 11th, 1878.

BOTANIC MEDICINE CO., N. Y.:

Gentlemen—The lady alluded to lost seven pounds in three weeks, by the use of Allan's Anti-Fat.

Yours truly,
SMITH, DOOLITTLE & SMITH,
Wholesale Druggists.

ANOTHER PATENT RIGHT SWINDLE.—A farmer in Chester county, five or six miles from Pottstown, has a $300 law suit to look after because he signed his name to a patent agreement (as he supposed,) but which turned out to be a promissory note, payable six months after date. He has on hand ten or a dozen patent washing machines, but they will not wash out his signature to that note. He says he cannot read English, and of course he did not know what he was signing. This note was sold to a third party, and the farmer will probably have to pay for the swindling trick practiced upon him Again, we say, be cautious how you deal with strangers.—*Gazette Americus.*

HOW SHE DID IT.

Was a subject of absorbing interest to those who realized how sadly diseases had impared her once marvellous beauty. Physicians of eminence had exhausted all their skill in her behalf, and yet it seemed impossible to effect a cure. She had long been a sufferer from pains in the side, back and head; dyspepsia ensued, the appetite failed, and nerves became unstrung. A torpid liver and inflamed kidneys intensified the trouble. It was a complication that not unfrequently occurs through the pernicious influence of one diseased organ upon another, until the whole body is in unnatural sympathy. Finally when Sandaline was tried, a desirable reaction, immediately commenced. The process of recuperation progressed until the full natural standard of health and vigor was regained. There are thousands of similar instances where Sandaline cured when doctors and drugs had failed it is a priceless boon to the despondent, as it opens to them a way from death to life, and, to-day, multitudes of these are in the enjoyment of perfect health. Will do just as recommended, used as directed, or money refunded. Sandaline Cologne is the most charming and delicious perfume yet discovered. Price $1. Ask your druggist. Dr. Gounod's great medical work, full of interest, over 250 pages. Price $1. Send for it.

Marriages.

LEIBY—LEVAN—On Monday, June 2, 1879, at the residence of the bride's father, in Roaringcreek township, by Rev. G. B. Dechant, Mr. Charles Leiby of Locust twp., to Mrs Hettie Levan, of Roaringcreek township, Columbia county, Pa.

AUSTIN—LAUDERBACH—In Fishingcreek township, June 7th 1879, by Rev. H. A. Dieterich, Mr. William Austin of Hunlock's Creek, Luzerne county, to Miss E. C. Lauderbach, of Fishingcreek, Columbia county, Pa.

Deaths.

SMITH—May 23 1879, at Millville; Grant Smith, aged about 16 years. He was a brother of the Principal of Millville Seminary.

Business Notices

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Spring Styles—Spring Goods—Spring Styles. Call and see
The New Goods. The New Styles at the New Price.
Cheaper than ever.
Must be seen to be believed, better goods at lower prices
at D. Lowenberg's.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Beautiful Silk Hats—New Soft Hats,
Wool Hats, Fur Hats,
For Men—for Boys—and Children
At the Popular store of
D. Lowenberg.

Canned Peas 10 cents per can or three cans for 25 cents at Hartman Bros.

More all wool Buntings this week at Lutz & Sloan's.

WANTED.—Good eggs 12 cts per dozen. Good calves that weigh from 120, 125, 130, 140, 150 to 160 pounds and up. Lambs, Fat Sheep and Shoats at Light Street by
SILAS YOUNG.
June 13 2-w

Attention Farmers! Attention Mechanics Attention all!! Now is your time to secure Bargains in Clothing, Hats & Caps, Boots and Shoes at Gross & Bro's popular New York Clothing Store. Be sure and give them a call.

Admission free at McKinney's.

Hard times, hard times is the cry. In consequence, the New York Clothing Store has reduced the prices of good Boots & Shoes, 50 per cent. cheaper than any other store in town.

A job lot of Fans and Parasols at Lutz & Sloan's cheap.

A fine selection of Ladies' Gold Watches and Chains, both American and imported by the best makers at L. Bernhard's Jewelry Store.

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400 bushels of Good Potatoes for sale at Light Street by Silas Young.
june 6–2w

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

Another large assortment of Shawls just received at Lutz & Sloan's

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Spring Overcoats—Spring Overcoats,
Cheap, Durable, Neat and New
Just received at D. Lowenbergs.

Farmers attention! S. M. Hess, Bloomsburg, Pa., now offers cheap for cash or grain all kinds of farming implements.

A large assortment of New Shoes just received from New York which I will sell at low prices. A stock of from $1500 to $1800 worth of boots and shoes to select from.

Children's Misses' and Ladies' Slippers, Gaiters, Morocco and Kid Shoes, lace and button. Ladies' Slippers for 50 cents, 65 cts, 75 cts., 90 cts, $1 00, $1.25 to $1.40.

Children's and Misses' Shoes, 30 cents, 40 cents, 50 cents, 60 cents, 75 cents, 90 cents, $1.00, $1.25, $1.40, $1.50, $1.60, $1.75.

Ladies' Gaiters and Shoes for 75 cents, 90 cents, $1.00, $1.10, $1.25, $1.40, $1.50, $1.60, $1.75, $1.90, $2.00, $2.25, $2.50, $2.60, $2.75

Youths' Boys' and Mens' Shoes, 80 cents, 90 cents, $1.00, $1.10, $1.20, $1.25, $1.40, $1.50, $1.60, $1.75, $1.90, $2.00, $2.25, $2.40, $2.50, $2.75 at Light Street by
June 6-4w SILAS YOUNG.

Lutz & Sloan sell Dr. Warners Health Corset for $1.15.

DOBBIN'S ELECTRIC SOAP.

Having obtained the agency of this CELEBRATED SOAP for Bloomsburg and vicinity, I append the opinion of some of our best people as to its merits.

"I have used Dobbin's Electric Soap made by I. L. Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., for washing about ten years, and think it superior to any other. Mrs. C. G. Barkley."

"We have used Dobbin's Electric Soap and find it superior to any other or *all others.*
Mrs. W. H. Jacoby,
Mrs. B. H. Stohner.

I desire all my friends and customers to *Give this Soap one Trial,*
so that they may know just how good the Best Soap in the United States is.
J. H. MAIZE,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
july 12, '78–1y

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

For a Fine Suit of Clothing go to the New York Clothing Store, also nice Suits from 3 to 5 dollars.

For the cheapest and finest patterns of Iron Fence go to S. M. Hess, Bloomsburg, Pa.

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.00
Rye "	.50
Corn, new, "	.45
Oats, " "	.28
Flour per barrel	6.00
Cloverseed	3.50
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.18
Eggs	.10
Tallow	.07
Potatoes	.75
Dried Apples	.04
Hams	12½
Sides & Shoulders	.09
Lard per pound	.07
Hay per ton	8.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy seed	2.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 2.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 2.60 "
Blacksmith's Lut-up on Wharf	$ 4.00 "
" Bituminous "	$ 4.50 "

AUDITOR'S REPORT

OF CONYNGHAM TOWNSHIP AND CENTRALIA POOR DISTRICT, FOR THE YEAR ENDING APRIL 14, 1879.

THOMAS CHAPMAN, Collector.

To Borough Duplicate
5 mills Poor,
do do @ 1 mill special, $ 710 00 — $ 745 53
To township Duplicate
10 mills Poor,
do do @ 5 mills Special, 2,540 53 — 5,080 65
2,650 89 — 5,826 48

Credit.

By amts. returned to Commissioners on Borough Duplicate.

	Poor.	Special.	
Daniel Dixon	$ 88	16	
Phillip Heffron	1 25	25	
Mary McIlrearty	1 00	20	
Richard Purcell	1 00	20	
	4 13	81	4 13

Township Duplicate.

Wm. Brown	$ 45	88	
Jacob Beiber	20	10	
Andrew Burt	20	10	
Bernard Bresh	80	25	
Nathaniel Brown	45 00	22 50	
Joshua Beam	25 75	11 88	
Jno. & D. Cosgrove	50	25	
Terrence Cain	50	25	
Danl. Callahan	50	25	
Catharine Cook	25	13	
David Cook	50	25	
David Davidson	1 00	50	
Cornelius Donahoe	50	25	
Ann Evans	2 10	1 00	
Thos. Hennessey	50	25	
Jno. Houston	8 75	3 88	
Peter Kline	6 50	2 00	
A. W. Kreamer	2 00	1 00	
Jas. Morrison	50	25	
Terrence McGuire	25	14	
Peter McManiman	75	38	
Felix McManiman	50	25	
Chas. Mellon	75	38	
Marr & Kendig	8 00	4 00	
R. S. Marr	1 75	88	
Mary Rushton	10 00	5 00	
Thos. Rushton	4 00	2 00	
Lewis Driesbach	50	25	
Jacob Trion	6 00	3 00	
Jacob Trion	6 00	3 00	
Frank Yocum	25	13	
Henry Yarling	1 25	63	
Jno. Young	24 00	12 00	
	158 05	79 18	158 05

By amt. of exonerations on Borough Duplicate

	Poor	Special	
Elizabeth Cleary	1 00	2	
Mrs. Thos. Langen	2 10	99	
" Jno. Monohon	81	17	
" Thos. Monohon	1 00	20	
" Jno. Davis	2 75	55	
" Jas. McManiman	50	10	
" Cath. Lenihon	1 50	30	
" Mary Gunning	1 50	30	
	11 16	2 22	11 16

Exonerations on township duplicate.

	Poor	Special	
Widow Cauley	65	33	
Anthony Cosgrove	65	33	
Widow Gerrahty	65	33	
Widow Convey	65	33	
Henry Lawyer	65	33	
Widow Hughes	2 00	1 00	
Patrick Conrey	65	33	
Owen Cassagan	65	33	
Bryan Monohon	65	33	
Bryan Kilker	65	33

Miscellaneous.

WILLIAM PENN AND HIS HEROIC JURY.

Hon. Samuel S. Cox in the House, June 3.

Most notable is the case of William Penn. He was indicted at the Old Bailey, in 1670, for tumultuously assembling, with others, in Grace Church street, London, where he had preached his Quaker doctrine. But the light which shone within him, the unjust judge could not quench. When an honest jury was impaneled, and while he was buffeted by Jeffreys, that inner light broadened into a radiance which filled two worlds with its glory. The popinjay courtiers and bad judges of that day mistook their man—this quiet, serene, non-swearing and non-resistant Quaker; ay, too, they mistook their jury. While in former trials there had been a conspicuous failure of the system, yet, like the failure of the alchemists, it may be attributed to impurity of the ingredients; but on the trial the unalloyed gold appeared in the alembic. The personal heroism of Penn inspired the jury, and, after a struggle of five days, between judges, jurors and accused, at last a verdict came in, that Penn was "not guilty." It was a scene for an historic picture. It illustrates one of the noblest sentiments of our Declaration of Independence. With it Pennsylvania might well adorn her hall of Independence. Pennsylvania is now discussing whose effigy, chiseled by the sculptor's art, shall be sent in her behalf, to ornament our federal capitol. How can she hesitate? Let it be William Penn—not as her proprietor and founder; not as standing among the red men at Shackamaxon, forging that "covenant chain" which was to last while sun and moon endure; not as a swordless magistrate, lawmaker or humanitarian; not defying the lieutenant of the tower; but as the champion of jury trial, when it was almost friendless in the British Islands.

Go with me in fancy to the London of two hundred and nine years ago. How it looked then you may see by the rude cuts in a little volume of 1681, now on my desk. Here are the gates, the churches, colleges, gardens and monuments! Here is Westminster Abbey and the Parliament Houses, White Hall and The Temple, and here the wonderful arms of the fifty trades and companies out of which the lord mayor is chosen! And here, *mirabile visu!* is the lord mayor himself and, tier above tier, his court of adipose aldermen! Seated at the top, between two heralds, one with a staff and the other with a sword, is the grand mayor, and above him the arms of England, with a sword and a pennon inscribed *Dieu et mon droit*. In their full wigs, ample gowns, and "full, round bellies, with good fat capon lined," sit the pompous, puffy aldermen! These are the judges of the heroic Quaker.

This book describes the city then as so brave, fair and stately as to "outvie the most magnificent city of the universe." Ah! it had been a proud city; and in other days displayed its pride against the craft of kings and courtiers who sought to rob it of its charter. Now, it is low indeed, under servile vassalage to a frivolous monarch, as the scene of Penn's trial shows.

Parliament had just passed the conventicle act against profane and loose persons who preached non-conformity. One of these was the well born Quaker of twenty-five years, who had already suffered for his faith by expulsion from Oxford. He is seized by constables, while speaking to a crowd near his chapel, whose doors had been purposely closed. He is borne off to Newgate and there impressed.

The gray and gloomy prison had received many a miscreant and many a patriot. Here had been immured Lord Russell and Jack Sheppard, the regicide Harrison and the assassin Bellingham. It was no respecter of rank or person. Never before had its gloomy walls confined a finer or firmer spirit than that of Penn. His was a colossal soul knew no prison walls.

The trial begins on the 1st of September, 1670, at the old Bailey, "which runneth doune by the Mall, upon Houndi's Ditch or Ludgate," and was equally celebrated there as now for its criminal sessions. The hero of that trial, next to Penn, is one Edward Bushel, a juror; its shame is the furious mayor, Sir Samuel Starling, and one John Howel, the insolent recorder. The aldermen and sheriffs are rather lay figures in the scene. The court is crowded. Silence is called. The witnesses are heard as to the assembling in the streets. Penn rises to acknowledge the facts and vindicate his right to meet incessantly to reverence and adore his God. "You are not here," said a bluff sheriff, "for worshiping god, but for breaking the law!" Penn asks, "What law?" "The common law," said the recorder. After much colloquy, with insolence on one side and meekness on the other, Penn is ordered away to the dungeon. Before he is dragged out, he appeals to the jury and pleads for the fundamental law of England. Of no avail. He is hurried to the baleful dock protesting against the jury being charged in his absence. Of no avail. The jury at first return an evasive verdict, that he had preached—no more. "We will have a verdict by the grace of God, or you will starve for it," says the recorder. Again the jury is sent out.

When the mockery of the trial is over and the jury seem firm for acquittal, abuse and threats are rained upon them and their leader. "I will set a mark upon you" is the threat of the mayor to Bushel, one of the jurors. He even threatens him with personal mutilation. Penn interposes with quiet dignity: "What hope," cries out Penn, "in having justice done when jurors are threatened and their verdict rejected?" He denounces, in the name of Magna Charta, the arbitrary conduct of the judges. "Stop his mouth," cries the mayor; "jailer, bring fetters!" "I matter not your fetters," repliesthe self complacent Quaker. Again the jury are sent out, and again they return a verdict of "not guilty."

Then a dramatic scene ensues, which is faithfully transcribed:

Recorder—Gentlemen of the jury, I am sorry you have followed your own judgments rather than the good advice which was given you. God keep my life out of your hands! But for this the court fines you forty marks a man and imprisonment till paid.

W. Penn—I demand my liberty, being freed by the jury.

Mayor—No. You are in for your fines.

W. Penn—Fines for what?

Mayor—For contempt of court.

W. Penn—I ask if it be according to the fundamental laws of England that any Englishman should be fined or amerced but by the judgment of his peers or jury, since it expressly contradicts the fourteenth and twenty ninth chapters of the great charter of England, which says, "No freeman shall be amerced but by the oath of good and lawful men of the vicinage."

Recorder—Take him away.

W. Penn—I can never urge the fundamental laws of England but you cry "Take him away," but it is no wonder. God, who is just, will judge you for all these things.

The jurors and the acquitted prisoner are again sent to jail; from which the great writ rescues them.

God has judged those things. He has raised up a great commonwealth which bears the name of the Quaker tribune, by whom English law was saved from reproach. Macauley has stigmatized William Penn, with more flippancy than truth, as rather a mythical than an historical person. While he admits that rival nations and hostile sects have agreed in canonizing Penn, and that England is proud of his name; while the historian likens the reverence to his name, by the great commonwealth beyond the Atlantic, to that which the Athenians felt for Theseus and the Romans for Quirinus, and confesses that his name is a synonym for purity and philanthropy; while this most critical and hostile of historians thus indulges in encomiums, there is nothing in Penn's character, whether dealing with the red man or preaching to his conventicle amidst hostility and persecution, equal to his manly stand for the sacred right of trial by jury. We can see him standing in his broad brimmed hat and coat of formal cut, and not unlike Sydney, with undisturbed pulse and calm demeanor, insulted and berated, but answering not again, save to challenge in the name of English liberty, the infamous mayor, recorder, sheriffs and aldermen of London, who sought by outraging the traditions of the realm to suppress him and his teaching. His words ring down the years like the old bell of Roland of Ghent, which Motley says rang the people to arms when liberty was in danger. When that other bell from Independence Hall tolled out the death of English tyranny, it rang to all the land and the inhabitants thereof, from its brazen throat, the wedding of liberty and independence; but it also had another voice—the voice of a great state, whose foundations were laid in justice to all, and whose

—— solemn, sweet vibrations,
Like the voice of Christ said: "peace."

Such servility of judges and juries, which Penn denounced and contemned, became the reproach of history; but this very reproach lifted the jury above the ordinary machinery of justice and gave it a lofty place in our jurisprudence.

LEECHES AT LARGE IN A SLEEPER.

If there be one thing more uncomfortable in a sleeping-car than another, it is a leech. A few weeks ago the passengers in a carriage of a night express train from Vienna to Berlin were aroused from sleep by the shrieks of a lady who insisted that she was being stabbed with sharp instruments in several places. She would not submit to an examination, and the guard was at his wits' end what to do, when a stout gentlemen roared out that he, too, was being pricked cruelly. Fortunately the train was near a station, at which the guard gave orders to have it stopped, and the lady and gentleman handed out, their companions following them, with no small curiosity, into the waiting room. The gentleman was promptly searched, and six colossal leeches were discovered to be fastening themselves upon his leg. The lady had swooned from fright and weakness, and had to be left behind in care of a local doctor. It appears that one of the passengers had brought an insufficiently-covered jar of these blood suckers into the carriage, and had placed it upon the seat. They escaped and did the mischief.

A GOOD LAWN.

No greater fallacy exists than the idea, that a spading is better than plowing of an equal depth. No tilth can be better than that given by the plow, followed by frequent and continual applications of the harrow. Leveling with the spade can then be executed in the most perfect manner, and the finishing touch can be given by a light cross-plowing and harrowing. Seed should be always liberally applied; and instead of the various lawn grass mixtures, we believe it the use of the simple red-top seed, together with a very little white clover; and when it is thus applied (during the quiet hours of the day that it may fall evenly), two or three years should suffice to grow a thick velvety turf. Weeds are the great enemies of good turf, and every lawn should be kept as free from these pests as a flower-garden. The employment of good artificial fertilizers greatly helps to secure permanent freedom from weeds, since foul seeds cannot lurk in them.—*Scribner's Monthly.*

FIRE AT LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.

At eight o'clock on the evening of June 4, Pardee Hall, one of the Lafayette College buildings, was discovered to be on fire. Owing to the scarcity of water the efforts of the citizens and firemen were unavailing and at midnight the building was completely gutted. The building was erected a few years ago at a cost of $225,000, donated by A. Pardee, and the fixtures cost $75,000 more. The loss is almost total. The fire is supposed to have originated in the laboratory of the chemical department from spontaneous combustion. During the progress of the fire a man fell from the third story and was badly injured. Insurance on the building amounts to $120,000, and on the furniture to $20,000. The citizens of Easton have resolved to rebuild the Hall.

Haunted Me.

Debt, poverty and suffering haunted me me for years, caused by a sick family and large bills for doctoring, which did no good. I was completely discouraged, until one year ago, by the advice of my pastor, I procured Hop Bitters and commenced their use, and in one month we were all well, and none of us have been sick a day since; and I want to say to all poor men, you can keep your families well with Hop Bitters for less than one doctor's visit will cost.—A Workingman.

HARNESS GALL.—It is a cruel thing to work a horse that has a sore neck worn raw by a badly fitting collar. In putting horses that have been comparatively idle for some time to the hard work of the plow and the harrow, painful and unsightly sores are often caused which prove of long standing, often permanently disfiguring the animal. When the abrasion first appears, give the horse a day or two rest. It is better to do this even if important work is somewhat delayed. Chloride of zinc diluted with fifty parts of water and applied with a soft sponge is a good astringent, serving to harden and toughen the skin. But after all, the best way to prevent galling is to have the collar, and every part of the harness, touching the horse, a perfect fit. Keep it well oiled and pliable. Then inure the animal to hard work gradually and kindly.

D. G. Owens, Druggist Altoona, Pa., writes: 'Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup has a wonderful reputation, the demand for it is really astonishing. Mothers will have no other. It is destined to supersede all other Soothing Syrups.

Instructor [in German, after astonishing the division by the announcement that the German words for 'heaven' and 'shirt' have the same root. 'Mr. X., can you see any resemblance between heaven and a (clean) shirt, for instance?' Mr. X., hesitating: 'Well, sir, they are both good things for a man to get into!'—*Yale Record.*

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In placing this remedy before the people as a positive cure for obesity, we do so knowing its ability to cure, as attested by hundreds of testimonials, for which the following from a lady in Columbus, Ohio, is a sample: "Gentlemen:—Your Anti-Fat was duly received. I took it according to directions and it reduced me five pounds. I was so elated over the result that I immediately sent to ACKERMAN'S drug store for the second bottle." Another, a Methodist minister, writing for a patient from Providence, R. I., says, "Four bottles have reduced her weight from 199 pounds to 192 pounds, and there is a general improvement in health." A gentleman writing from Boston, says: "Without special change of diet or exercise, two bottles of Allan's Anti-Fat reduced me four and one-quarter pounds." The well-known Wholesale Druggists, SMITH, DOGLITTLE & SMITH, of Boston, Mass., write as follows: "Allan's Anti-Fat has reduced a lady in our city seven pounds in three weeks." A gentleman in St. Louis writes: "Allan's Anti-Fat reduced me twelve pounds in three weeks, and altogether I have lost twenty-five pounds since commencing its use." Messrs. POWELL & PLIMPTON, Wholesale Druggists, of Buffalo, N. Y., write: "We find THE PROPRIETORS OF ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT Gentlemen,—The following report is from the lady who used Allan's Anti-Fat. 'At the date Anti-Fat had the desired effect, reducing the fat from two to five pounds a week until I had lost twenty-five pounds. I hope never to regain what I have lost.' Anti-Fat is an unexcelled blood-purifier. It promotes digestion, curing dyspepsia, and is also a potent remedy for rheumatism. Sold by druggists. Pamphlet on Obesity sent on receipt of stamp.

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By an immense practice at the World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, having treated many thousand cases of these diseases peculiar to woman, I have been enabled to perfect a most potent and positive remedy for these diseases.

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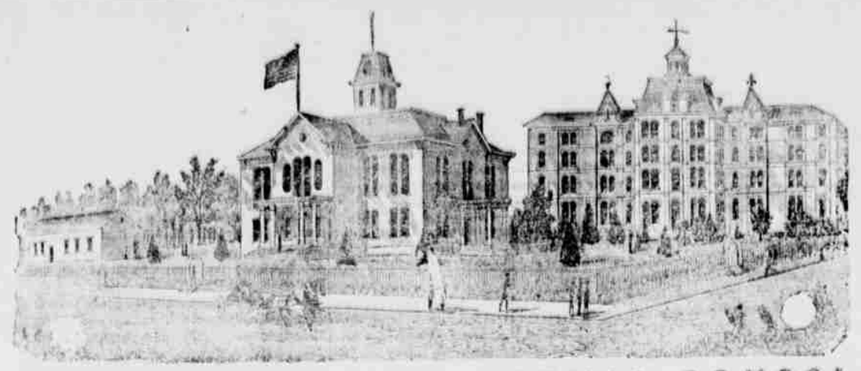

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MARVELOUS for Simplicity of Parts, using of Separators Made, Ranging

FOUR Sizes of Separators Made, Ranging

FOUR Portables. Call on our Dealers or Write to us for Illustrated Circular, which we mail free.

J. E. KRUMM & BRO.,
TURBOTVILLE, PA.,
Agents for Northumberland, Montour and Columbia counties.
Jan. 26, '79-6m

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE. This is a remarkable medicine which cures Spavin, Splint, Curb, Callous, &c., of any enlargement, AND WILL REMOVE THE BUNCH WITHOUT BLISTERING or causing a sore. No remedy ever discovered equals it for certainly of effect in stopping the lameness and removing the bunch. Price $1.60. Send for circular giving PROOF. Sold by druggists, or sent by any address by the PROPRIETOR, B. J. Kendall, M. D., Enosburgh Falls, Vt. Sleyer Bros. Agents Bloomsburg, Pa.
May 25, '79-1y 5 w

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is a Cathartic and Tonic. TRY IT.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Sea-sickness, and other Disorders.

The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion and Strengthens the System.

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.
April 5, '79-1y

C. E. SAVAGE,
DEALER IN
Silverware, Watches, Jewelry Clocks, &c.

Removed to the Post Office building, first door above Exchange Hotel.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly and promptly repaired and Warranted.
June 15, '77-1y

HOP BITTERS!

If you are a man of business, wearied by the strain of your duties, avoid stimulants and take

HOP BITTERS

If you are young and suffering from any indiscretion or disipation; if you are married or single, old or young, suffering from poor health or languishing on a bed of sickness, rely on

HOP BITTERS!

Whenever you are, wherever you are, whenever you feel that your nerves, your stomach, your bowels are exciting or stimulating, without intoxicating, take

HOP BITTERS!

Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaints, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves?

You will be cured if you use

HOP BITTERS

If you are simply weak and low spirited, try it! Buy it. Insist upon it. Your druggist keeps it.

It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

Hop Cough Cure is the greatest, surest and best. Ask children. The Hop Pad for Nurses, Ladies and Kidneys, is superior to all others.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistable cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco or narcotics.

All these are sold by druggists. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y.
May 2, '79-6t.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.
Feb. 14, '79-1y

The most extensive Manufacturers of Billiard Tables in existence.

The J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co.
CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS
AND
724 Broadway, New-York.

Newest and most elegant styles of

BILLIARD TABLES
AT LOWEST PRICES.

Elegant Parlor, Dining, Library and Billiard Tables combined, size 3 x 6½ slate beds, perfect cushions, complete with balls and cues, $450.

Address whichever house is nearest your city.

The J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co.
Feb. 7, '79-3m

KIDNEY-WORT

A Purely Vegetable Remedy
The Safest, Easiest and Best ever discovered for
KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, PILES, GRAVEL, CONSTIPATION, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM, DIABETES.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY

A purely vegetable compound, not doctored with poisonous liquors, being drug-gists gentle cathartic and effective tonic—sure to effectually cure some of the most common and painful diseases that baffle medical skill. Those who have been cured when all other means failed, justly say: "It is the greatest blessing of the age." "I believe I should not now be alive but for it." Physicians in regular practice say: "It works like a charm and effectively."

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

If the KIDNEY-WORT cannot otherwise be readily obtained, we will send it by mail or express, on receipt of one dollar. Liquid or dry, same price. Sold by druggists. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.
March 14, '79-1y

PAINTING
AND
Paper Hanging.

WM. F. BODINE,

IRON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, PA., is prepared to do all kinds of

HOUSE PAINTING

Plain and Ornamental,

PAPER HANGING,

BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.

All kinds of Furniture Repaired, and made as good as new.

NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED

Estimates Made on all Work.

WM. F. BODINE.
Oct. 1, 1878.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN
Advertising Agents,
THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, November 10, 1878, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.	
Erie Mail leaves Philadelphia	11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg	4 35 a m
" " Williamsport	8 35 a m
" " Jersey Shore	9 05 a m
" " Lock Haven	9 40 a m
" " Renovo	11 05 a m
" arrive at Erie	7 35 p m
Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia	7 20 a m
" " Harrisburg	10 50 a m
" arr. at Williamsport	2 00 p m
" " Lock Haven	3 35 p m
Fast Line leaves Philadelphia	11 45 a m
" " Harrisburg	3 35 p m
" arrive at Williamsport	7 25 p m
" " Lock Haven	8 40 p m
EASTWARD.	
Pacific Express leaves Lock Haven	6 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore	7 14 a m
" " Williamsport	7 55 a m
" arrive at Harrisburg	11 35 a m
" " Philadelphia	3 40 p m
Day Express leaves Lock Haven	11 20 a m
" " Williamsport	12 40 p m
" arrive at Harrisburg	4 7 p m
" " Philadelphia	7 20 p m
Erie Mail leaves Renovo	8 55 p m
" " Lock Haven	9 45 p m
" " Williamsport	11 05 p m
" arrives at Harrisburg	2 45 a m
" " Philadelphia	7 40 a m
Fast Line leaves Williamsport	12 25 a m
" arrives at Harrisburg	3 55 a m
" " Philadelphia	7 40 a m

Parlor cars will run between Erie (via Corry and Williamsport) and Niagara Falls, and between Erie and Philadelphia (via Renovo). Day Express east and Sunday Express east, sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN,
General Supt.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 26th, 1878, trains will leave Sunbury as follows:

NORTHWARD.	
Erie Mail 5.30 a. m., arrive Elmira	11 .5
" Canandaigua	3.35 p. m
" Rochester	5.15 "
" Niagara	9 40 "
Renovo accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.	
Elmira Mail 4.15 a. m. arrive Elmira	10.30 a. m.
Buffalo Express 7.15 a. m. arrive Buffalo	8.50 a. m
SOUTHWARD.	
Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg	4.50 a.
" Baltimore	8.50 "
Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg	7.50
" Washington	10.30 "
" Baltimore	9.50 "
" Washington	8.30 "
Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg	10.50 p. m.
" arrive Baltimore	2.25 a. m
Erie Mail 12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg	2.05 a. m.
" Baltimore	5.40 "
" Washington	10.35 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

May 11, 1879.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11.45 a. m

For Catawissa, 11.45 a. m. 7.21 and 7.35 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6.38 9.05 a. m. and 4.06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 8.45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9.45 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11.55 a. m., Pottsville, 12.28 p. m and Tamaqua, 1.05 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6.30 8.50 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, 9.45 a.m, 2.15 p. m. and 4.50 p. m

Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
General